THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD, MARCH 1866. "Liberty and Union, One and Inseparable."—WEBSTER. TERMS: $2.00—$1.50 IN ADVANCE.

VOL. 37. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 28, 1902. NO. 27.

State Library

Mason Hill.

Farmers are busy harvesting their oats.

C. W. Williams is out with his threshing machine.

J. O. Jordan expects to build a new house in the near future.

Mrs. Byron Heavener, of Renovo, is the guest of J. W. Lane and family.

Mrs. David Marsh of this place is visiting her sister at Du Bois this week.

It is understood that parties are about to drill for oil on Maurice Donavan's farm.

Mrs. L. E. Losey, of Dents Run spent the past week with her parents at this place.

Mrs. Ray Smith, of Huntley, spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Hill.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Mix, of Mix Run, spent Saturday and Sunday with friends at this place.

Misses Emma and Currence Shaffer, of Bennezette were the guests of relatives at this place a few days last week.

Bernie Marsh spent a day or two at Huntley and took in the sights at that place the latter part of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Barr and Mrs. Coleman, of Tunnel Hill were the guests of J. O. Jordan and family Sunday.

Miss Mary Wilkins, of Kanesholm, returned home Thursday after a two weeks visit with her friend, Miss Ethel Barr.

Mrs. Martha Miller died at the home of her sister at Medix Run, August 20th, aged 69 years. Mrs. Miller has lived on Mason Hill several years, and this place has lost a citizen whose presence will be greatly missed. Funeral services were conducted by Rev. Ebersole at Hicks Run and the remains were laid away in the Miller Run cemetery. She leaves six sons and one daughter to mourn her death.

Another home looks desolate,
A mother called away,
A mother resting sweetly,
As in her grave she lay.

She has left her home and dear ones,
She has left a vacant chair;
And as we glance around the home,
We see no mother there.

She is resting, sweetly resting,
On the bosom of her God;
Lying now beside her husband,
Underneath the soft green sod.

TEDDIE.

Sterling Run.

Ed. Tracy, of Falls Creek, is rusticating here a few days.

Candidates for nomination are beginning to put in an appearance.

B. E. Smith and Son Derr, of St. Marys, spent Sunday with his mother in this place.

Jos. Furlong, of the Alpine House, accidentally fell off a load of bark Friday evening and broke his arm in two places.

Wm. Carter, of Rich Valley, is loading two cars of bark per day at this place, bark coming from the Russell Draft of Canoe Run.

Mr. J. B. Brooks and Sons have been developing the coal mines on the Young and Findlay Branch of Sterling Run the past week.

Frank Sterling, by the way, is working for something from the School Board. What is it Frank? Truant policeman or assistant director.

Emanuel Zerbey, Frank Sterling, Big John Johnson and Senator Wade contemplates starting a Liars Club in the near future. Then Sinnemahoning Club will have to look to its laurels.

There was a case of Rabies in town Saturday. A young man from Cameron was running amuck through town, barking like a dog. Whiskey must be of a very bad quality that causes the Rabies.

Cameron.

Coming at last, a ticket agent, first of the month.

E. M. McFadden visited the county seat Monday.

Dr. De Long, of Emporium, was in town Tuesday.

Public school opens September 1st, for the winter term.

Sheriff Swope, of Emporium, was seen on our streets Tuesday.

L. K. Huntington, of Emporium, was in town on business Tuesday.

Clen Alderfer, of Philadelphia, was in town between trains Monday.

E. H. Lininger visited relatives at Ridgway a few days last week.

Geo. Myers, of Coudersport, is visiting F. R. Lininger and family of this place.

William Fox moved his family from Driftwood to this place one day last week.

Mrs. M. Phoenix is visiting her daughter, Mrs. R. S. Oyler and family at Keating Summit.

Berry pickers are quite numerous this week. They are picking some very fine huckle berries.

Patsy Clair is at the Williamsport hospital receiving treatment. He has been ailing for some time.

Frank Fox, Sr., of Driftwood, has taken the contract of putting in the bark and logs from Mully Hollow, for E. V. Dunlevie. He began to haul bark Monday.

E. H. Osborne, of Erie, was in town Tuesday.

NED.

School Opens Next Monday.

The public schools will open next Monday, September 1st. The corps of teachers was completed on Saturday night when the board chose Miss Larrabee to succeed Miss Cotton who resigned from the grammar school and Mr. J. Irvin Snyder of Muncy to take the place of Mr. Renn as assistant principal. Pupils will not be admitted to the school buildings on Monday morning until after the ringing of the first bell at 8:45.

No certificates of promotion were issued at the close of school in May, but the report cards will tell pupils where to go. All pupils whose oards show a general average in the final examinations of 75 with no mark lower than 65 are entitled to advance to the next grade. Others remain in the same grade as last year. Pupils will keep this in mind and pass at once to the room to which the report cards entitle them.

Children of families who have come to town since the close of last term will meet the principal at the High School building at 2 o'clock next Saturday afternoon, August 30, for the purposes of classification. Any who failed to take the final examinations at the close of the term and wish to enter school now will come at the same time.

E. S. LING, Principal.

Small Run of Timber and Logs Predicted.

William B. Quigley, the well known expert log scaler and timber inspector who is spending a few days at his home in this city, predicts that the run of square timber and logs on the river next spring will be very small in comparison with previous years. There will be no square timber rafts and only a very small log drive. Mr. Quigley says the small log drive will bring in about 19 or 20 million feet, which is being cut when the clearing up process is going on. There may and there may not be a small log drive on Kettle creek. There will be a few rafts of prop timber but altogether the rafting will be very small feature. These conditions of affairs along the river are due, he says, to the fact that saw mills have been erected to cut out what timber is left in the lumber regions at the head of the river and to the shipment of large timber to market by rail instead of floating it in rafts on the river.—Lock Haven Republican.

Methodists Have Their Outing.

Two hundred members of the First Methodist Episcopal Church Sunday School attended the picnic at Tunnel Hill Friday last. The weather was auspicious, the arrangements in every particular complete, the grove its self, its conveniences and concessions all that could be desired, the supply of wholesome food abundant and appetizing, and best of all, the spirit of sociability and abandon to the pleasures and diversions of the day spontaneous and hearty. All entereded freely into the recreative spirit of the day and voted the outing a genuine success.

Promotion.

Vernon Heilman, son of Dr. Heilman, who has been assistant book-keeper at the Emporium Tannery for some time, has been promoted, to take effect today. He goes to Portland Mills tannery and assumes the position of book-keep and Supervisor. The young man, competent and very attentive to his duties, is to be congratulated upon his good fortune. Vernon is all right.

Eye Specialist.

Prof. W. H. Budine, the well known Eye Specialist, of Binghamton, N. Y., will be at R. H. Hirsch's jewelry store, Emporium, Pa, Sept. 12th, and 13th. Eyes tested and examined free. All work guaranteed. If you have weak eyes or headache don't fail to call and see Prof. Budine, as he makes a speciality of correcting all such cases. Lenses ground to fit all kinds of peculiar sight. 27-2t.

Baptist Church Notes.

Preaching morning and evening by the pastor, morning subject, "These Things," evening "Heaven." Bible school at close of morning worship, C. E. Crandel Supt. Y. P. S. C. E. 6:30 p. m. P. Olmsted, president. "Benedictory Song Service" in the lecture room at the close of evening worship. Prayer-meeting Wednesday evening 7:45. All welcome.

Postponed One Week.

The Presbyterian ladies are compelled to postpone the supper announced to be served at Mr. R. C. Dodson's on Thursday evening of this week, 28th, on acconnt of unavoidable hinderances. They will serve the supper one week later, September 4th, at Mr. Dodson's, beginning at 5 o'clock. All invited to partake. The charge will be 25 cents.

Republicans of Cameron County.

Tuesday, September 2d is *the last day* for registration and every voter should be registered on or before that day.

For this purpose the Assessors are required to set at the polling places on Sept. 1st and 2nd. The last day for payment of taxes is Oct. 4th.

A. C. BLUM,
County Chairman.

Dan'l Britton Repents.

EDITOR PRESS:—What I write I hope will not be objectionable. Something strikes me that I ought to put a piece in the PRESS. I have had my ups and downs in sickness—up to-day and down to-morrow. I have come to the conclusion that my time is not long for this world and I have my peace to make with my God; therefore, I will announce that I have started out for the same and do not intend to turn back again. I would like to have my friends, also my enemies, to meet at my home next Sunday at two o'clock and assist me in prayer meeting. I hope my daughter and relatives will be there. I hope by the grace of God that I may continue on until death comes, which I think can't be far off. If I was prepared to meet my God I would be willing to abide by his will, as my suffering has been such that I cannot express. I do think that the spirit of God will be with all those that call on Him. I wish I could hear from my distant friends. Let us all try and serve God.

DANIEL BRITTON.

Emporium, Pa., August 25, 1902.

Railroad Changes Here.

A number of changes will take place in the clerical force of P. & E. R. R, at the place, Sept. 1st. Mr. E.C. Davison, who for 28 years has been located at Emporium Junction as Ticket Agent, Express Agent, etc., has been appointed to the position of Ticket and Freight Agent at Johnsonburg. Harry Fahnstock is promoted to Ticket Agent at Junction and Chas. Jones made clerk at Junction.

Mr. Davison has been closely allied with our town ever since he came here and while we are glad to see any of our citizens better themselves we are loath to have Mr. Davison and his estimable family leave Emporium. They have been so closely allied with Emporium that it will be hard to leave, and form new friends. Mr. Davison is a gentleman of superior intelligence and has always taken a lively interest in the public schools, (having served many years as director) and Masonic work. The PRESS especially feels deeply the change that removes Mr. Davison from Emporium. The changes take place Sept. 1st.

A Page Every day.

A Chicago department store has just closed a contract for a page advertisement a day for an entire year. The amount of money involved is about $120,000. The contract is one of the largest ever placed in this country. John Wanamaker of New York and Philadelphia was the first merchant to take a page of space for a year. At the present time he has half a dozen such pages running in different New York and Philadelphia papers.

Our Next Senator.

E. J. Jones, of St. Marys, was in Emporium last Friday and called on many of his Emporium friends. It is possible that Mr. Jones will be the Republican nominee for State Senator in this district and should his name be placed on the ticket look out for a hot contest. Jones is popular in the district and will, if nominated, run like wild-fire.

Annual Bath.

County Commissioners Gaskill, Vogt and Mason have been spending a few days at Atlantic City. When they appeared in the surf the thousands of bathers thought the tidal wave had surely arrived.

Scalded.

Patrick Kinney, fireman on Buffalo Division engine No. 1862 was severely scalded, on left arm at Buffalo, last Tuesday. He is now at home at this place.

Going to Austin.

The amateur Vaudeville entertainment, given here last Monday evening, will be repeated at Austin to-morrow evening.

Democratic Convention.

The Democratic County Convention convenes at the court house to-morrow to ratify the "Slate."

From cover to cover REDFIELDS' MAGAZINe is filled with clever short stories and artistic illustrations. 27-2t

The Library Benefit.

That the public is not deficient in appreciation of its splendid library and gymnasium had a practical demonstration at the opera house last Monday night, in the out-pouring of people to witness the benefit entertainment. Much was expected and that these expectations were not disappointed is apparent from the warm words of praise heard on all sides. To Miss Anna Metzger with whom originated the idea is chiefly due the credit for the success achieved. Her efforts have been untiring and the many new features appearing on the programe were there as the result of her resourceful and skillful planning.

Each number merits distinct and separate mention, but from lack of space this is precluded. The male quartette was evenly balanced, their voices blendlng harmoniously and beautifully in the several selections given.

The bass solos of Mr. J. M. Robertson and Mr. Geo. A. Wrlker, Jr., were particularly well sung. Prof. Biekarck of Warren was the violin artist. His playing was characterized by excellent bowing, fulness of fire and vigor and finished grace and charm. An enjoyable feature of the programme was the piano solo of Mrs. Beers. Miss Metzger sang an obligato to the male quartette in a voice that denoted the highest cultivation and that furnished the audience with one of the real treats of the evening.

The cat quartette was exceedingly funny, the young ladies in costume, voice, facial expression and gesture giving an inimitable rendition of this new famous song.

The cake walk drew forth rounds of applause.

Very pretty indeed were the Sousa girls. Their drills were given with military grace and precision and presented a picture of loveliness that must long linger in the minds of the auditors.

The double sextette from Floradora was a fitting climax of the whole. Professionals, we think, could not have done better.

Nearly ninety dollart was netted for the Library fund.

The Church of the Future.

Every creed, in the beginning, is the statement of a vital truth. But to accept every creed as a finality is death. When there is the spirit of revision there is life. We can well afford to pay for a standing advertisement of our graditude for any improvent of our creed. In my dream of the future church, I offer my creed not as a substitude for yours, but as one which, combined with yours, might possibly give us both a broader vision and a more abnndant life.

The church of the future as it appears to me, will have no written creed. In form of goverment it will be a pure democracy. No dogmas will be allowed to do service for religion. Religion is love. Worship is useful and free work.

The church of the future must assert man's right to heaven here. It must abolish poverty or be abolished. It must teach men to have faith in a Creator who has made all things well; faith that the ills of humanity are due, not to his blunders, but rather to man's ignorance of natural law.

The church of the future must have faith in man; faith that he would rather do right than wrong; faith that if he were free, his own inborn love of truth and right would be his salvation.

The church of the future must enlist men in the holy crusade for economic liberty; firing their hearts with zeal for the public good, leading them toward the Republic that is to be, by the simple ways of justice and peace.—Rev. Herbert S. Bigelow in the Pilgrim for August.

Let Us Have P's.

"Pennsylvania's Patttison-Pennypacker political programme presages prodigious potentislities," says an exchange,

People prefer Pennypacker. Political prophets place Pennypacker pre-eminently paramount, providing partisan plans prevail.

Pattison presumes prematurely. Possibly Pattison's previous pull persists; perhaps Pennsylvanians prefer Pennypacker.

Providing personal popularity predominates, Pennypacker's position promises permanent prominence politically precluding Pattison's preferment. —Bradford Era.

Another Automobile.

Mr. Josiah Howard is the latest to purchase an automobile, his purchase making six in Emporium.

Subscribe for the PRESS; only $1.50 a year in advance.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(*From our Regular Correspondent.*)

Washington, Aug. 25th, 1902.

Editor Press:—

The Secretary of Agriculture, who returned from the west on Friday and left almost immediately to take part in the campaign in the New England states, informed your correspondent that the most prosperous conditions existed throughout the west and that, while there was no active interest in national politics, the people were too well satisfied to desire any change. When asked to define the tariff plank in the Iowa Republican platform, he said that it meant that the people desired some modification of the tariff schedules. That in this time of plenty they considered such modification could be judiciously made. That while true to the principles of protection, they believed there were certain industries which no longer needed the same protection that was essential to their prosperity when the Dingley law was enacted and they expected the party to modify those schedules. They were particularly desirous of a modification of the schedules affecting trust made articles but were convinced that any revision of the tariff could be intrusted only to the Republican party. Speaking of the President, he said that the people of that section were all enthusiastic in this support and even the Democrats approved of him and many expressed the wish that he was their leader instead of the leader of the Republicans. "Mr. Roosevelt," continued the Secretary, "is the type of man which westerners love. He is fearless, honest and brilliant. They are for him to a man. They regard with the greatest approval his attempt to regulate the trusts. They consider that he is following the rational path in his effort to secure that regulation through the courts and by means of the Sherman law. If that law should prove defective, they believe Mr. Roosevelt will so inform Congress, pointing out its defects, and that Congress will promptly remedy them. Such a course, they say, is in marked contrast to the revolutionary methods advanced by Democratic leaders who would seek to destroy the trusts by a radical revision of the tariff, thereby throwing hundreds of men out of employment, rendering worthless the investments of thousands of business men and undermining the general prosperity with which the country is blessed.

Recent statements made at the Republican campaign headquarters indicate that the leaders are feeling some apprehension at the outcome of the fall elections and from a curious cause. They say that the very wide-spread prosperity is likely to prove a menace to Republican success for the reason that the people are all unusually busy and many good Republicans are too liable to feel an unwarranted security and, therefore, leave it to their Republican brethren to go to the polls and vote. Experience in past years has shown that this apprehension is not groundless. It has not been unusual for the Democrats to poll 90 per cent. of their vote in off years while the Republicans poll but 70 per cent. With McKinley or a Roosevelt at the head of the ticket, there would be no such danger, for every Republican would be proud to go to the polls and cast his ballot for such a leader, but with only a congressman, or at most a governor, to vote for, there is danger that the full Republican strength will not be brought out. It, therefore, behooves every good Republican to vote this fall in order that the prosperous conditions which now prevail and the wise policies which the party has inaugurated may be continued.

WEATHER REPORT.
(Forecast by T. B. Lloyd.)
FRIDAY, Showers at night.
SATURDAY, Showers.
SUNDAY, Fair.

BRIEF MENTION.

Get a warm supper at Mr. R. C. Dodson's next Thursday evening.

Alex McDougall, the grocer, has placa neat delivery wagon on the road.

The iron fence about the Catholic church property is receiving a fresh coat of paint.

The total cost of the miners' strike to about the fifth of August was $65,-190,000, says an exchange.

Remember the supper by the Presbyterian ladies at Mr. Dodson's on Thursday evening of next week, Sept. 4th.

Jos. Narr, of Four Mile, came to town last Saturday, claiming he had been bitten by a rattlesnake, on the hand. No serious results.

Usually the man who expresses a willingness to die for a woman during courtship is too lazy to earn a decent living for her after marriage.

Medical Journal desires a representative in this locality. Permanent employment Salary and commission. Address, E. T. C., East 72, New York City.

The woman who knows how to provide her husband with a good breakfast needn't worry about providing intellectual companionship for him.—New York Press.

WANTED:—Agents to sell Teas, Coffees, Baking Powder, Spices, Extract, etc. Liberal commission allowed. Grand Union Tea Co., 33 W. Long Ave., DuBois, Pa. 25-3t.

Our Baptist friends had a beautiful day for their picnic at Wiley's Grove and the goodly number in attendance report a pleasant time. Games of various kinds were indulged in and the day passed all too rapidly.

The best way to get your poultry in shape for winter laying is to help them through the moulting season by feeding Green Cut Bone and Beef Meal. The greatest egg and feather producing ration known. For sale by

G. H. DICKENSON.

VALDE, MEX., Aug. 22.—A party of fifteen Mexicans unearthed at Cline, an iron vault containing a great quantity or Spanish coins and gold. The find will exceed $100,000 divided on the spot. It is believed to have been buried by a Mexican paymaster during the war with Texas.

General Franz Sigel, the gallant German officer whose distinguished services in the Union army will never be forgotten by a grateful country, died at New York on Thursday. He was largely instrumental in keeeping Missouri from seceding and his influence among the German-Americans was far-reaching.

Congressman Olmsted made a good point in his speech at Harrisburg recently, when he reminded that each time Mr. Pattison was elected Governor the Democrats succeeded to power at Washington and the country was plunged into misery. These things will not be forgotten by the voters at the November election.

The College of Music at Freeburg Pa, is in session with the largest attendance of any previous Summer term, and to continue without vacation until the holidays. Pupils admitted any day for a term of six or more weeks, Piano, Organ, Singing, Band and String instruments taught. For Catalogue address, with stamp 25-3t. HENRY B. MOYER.

Nine thousand new rural free mail delivery routes began operations on the first of the present month. No other public improvement has ever made such rapid progress in growth and popularity. Applications for new routes keep coming, and they will continue until the entire country is served. The Grange was the originator and promoter of the system, and its grand success is a credit to the order.—Utica Press.

In reply to an inquiry whether H. C Frick had in any way authorized the story set afloat connecting his name with the United States Senatorship the following telegram was received in Pittsburg from him:

"Rumor entirely without foundation.

FOUND —A ribbon with brooch containing gentleman's picture. The owner can have same by calling at this office and paying fifty cents.

Edgar Newton has changed his location to Fifth street, now occuping the front rooms of Mr. F. Crosby's residence, opposite Mr. Catlin's grist mill. Always in and ready for business; He leaves for his final course at U. of B. on the 20th of Sept. 24-5t.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

NOTES OF THE MODES.

The Latest in Colored Materials for Outdoor Gowns and Tea-Gown Fabrics.

Next to the various shades of green, red and pink have taken very many of the foremost seats in fashion's court this season. Red voile and red etamine look really as if they deserved the distinction bestowed upon them—not that red as a color is generally admirable in gowns; but there are exceptions, and for wear in the country and in the mountains a red gown of certain hue, even at this time of the year, among the green trees, lawns and meadows, is agreeable to the eye. A costume of red voile worn this summer is stitched in many rows of red on bodice and skirt. The blouse is cut down to the shoulders, showing a yoke and front of tucked red silk, ending at the waist-line, where the pointed lace revers meet and also terminate. A scarf of black chiffon passes under the revers and is tied in an imposing bow where the revers end. The costume is completed by a very large black lace straw hat, decorated with black tulle and red cherries.

The French tea-gowns of the season are formed of beautiful silk batistes of light grounds, strewn with flowers and foliage; also, of tamboured organdie, Pompadour foulard, figured crepe de Chine, voile, and mercerized India mull. Most of the gowns have tucked and lace-trimmed blouse vests lightly girdled, with Eton fronts beyond. The very short elbow sleeves are finished with a lace frill, with another formed of the dress fabric falling partly over it. On other gowns are large cape-collars or Marie Antoinette fichus of lace or silk muslin, or both, with accordion-plaited scarf ends falling to the hem of the skirt.

New patterns in rich Marie Antoinette silks and satin brocades designed for early autumn weddings appear on sample cards from Lyons and Paris manufacturers. These show marvelous effects of shading, flowers and foliage on silver, mauve, sea green, and similar beautiful backgrounds. Eglantine, hawthorne blossoms, orchids, tearoses, carnations, jasmine, etc., are procured with wonderful fidelity, even in the minutest details, with all the perfection of skilled hand painting.

DOMESTIC DETAILS.

Household Helps and Conveniences for the Benefit of the Busy Housewife.

A nice way to prepare small fruits is to ice them. Dip each piece into the slightly beaten white of an egg, and then in granulated sugar. Dry and place in the refrigerator, says the Brooklyn Eagle.

To garnish a salad of apples and celery, arrange unpeeled thin, wedge-shaped sections of the apple with the skin uppermost, around the inside edge of the dish, and decorate the middle with candied cherries and celery tops.

Gas range conveniences include a coffee roaster, which is made up of a round plate and a cylinder for the coffee which can be turned as the roasting goes on.

A toaster for the gas stove is made like any other toaster, as far as the upper part is concerned, with wires and a long handle, but below it, and with supports which hold the toaster away from the fire one-half to two inches, is a piece of wire gauze through which the gas flames cannot pass.

To clean pewter, make a strong solution of soda and water. Add a few drops of oil of tartar and thicken with sand. With this scour the pewter thoroughly and then, after wiping dry, finish by polishing it with a chamois leather dipped in whiting.

An effective eradicator of mildew and ink on white cloth is salts of lemon, which may be bought at any drug store. Wet the spot, moisten the salts and apply.

When washing greasy dishes, if a little soda is placed in the water it will assist materially in cleaning the china ware.

For the afternoon tea a delicious sandwich may be made with pumpernickel (the brown rye bread procurable at most German delictessen shops). Cut some thin slices of the pumpernickel and half the number of slices from a white loaf, and trim both into fingers or rounds of the same size. Now spread the pumpernickel with a thin slice of cream cheese, lay a slice of white bread on this, then another slice of the cheese, and lastly, a second slice of the black bread, and press the three well together.

A BACKWARD GLANCE.

Past Record of the Most Prominent Democratic Leaders and Their Present Status.

The three democratic leaders who are struggling for supremacy each disavows that he is responsible for the present plight of his party. The term three leaders is used, because, while Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Hill ostensibly are working together, there is irreconcilable rivalry between them, and Mr. Hill would be no more averse to seeing Mr. Bryan carry off the honors than Mr. Cleveland would be to have Hillism become the controlling factor in the organization. As for Mr. Bryan, he regards both Cleveland and Hill as disorganizers and generally opposed to true democratic principles, says the Albany Journal.

Each of these men has done his share unwittingly, no doubt, in pulling down democracy, and they should be the last to aspire to leadership when the party is in its present desperate condition. But with them, no matter what it may be called, personal selfishness, not patriotism rules, and the indications are they will keep up the fight. What the end will be does not require unusual powers of penetration.

Still it is said that under such manipulation the democracy may be able to command the country's support. That this is extravagant assumption will scarcely be denied. That the party will make a long drive to secure a majority in the house of representatives is to be expected, and in the event of success it would be greatly encouraged to put forth unusual exertions two years hence, but how Clevelandism, Hillism and Bryanism are to be reconciled, unless somebody sells out, is not obvious.

The leaders see that something must be done, and all sing harmony. At the Tilden club Mr. Cleveland said: "We must all get together," and sustain the immortal principles which took me through my two administrations, regardless of the opinions of any party. On the same occasion Mr. Hill declared all must get together and defeat the rapacious, insincere and dishonest republicans. This can be done by unification and harmony, with David B. Hill driving the democratic machine. At Nantasket, last week, Mr. Bryan also made a harmony speech.

They may cry peace and harmony, but these three men, the unconscious disorganizers perhaps of democracy, are they able to gather up the fragments of a betrayed party, and give them form and semblance? The condition of the democratic party to-day is immeasurably more desperate than it was in 1874, when, for the first time since the civil war the control of the house of representatives was wrested from the republicans. It is not much better than it was in 1882, when the republican party, torn with dissensions with one faction hating the other worse than it did the common enemy, sent Grover Cleveland to the white house. It is immeasurably worse than it was in 1892, when, after a season of unprecedented prosperity as was set forth by Gen. Harrison in his last annual message to congress, Grover Cleveland was again elected, and then and there began the destruction of his party. The way was then paved for the brilliant success of William McKinley in 1896. Then came the Spanish-American war, the enunciation of a broad and deep American policy, the solidification of interests that long had been at variance, which brought together at last a united American people.

These are the men, then, who propose to lead the democracy to the promised land. If they shall succeed we will have returned to the age of miracles.

Bryan's Exploded Prophecies.

William J. Bryan during his presidential campaigns predicted with the greatest possible reiteration that in the event of Bryan's defeat the farmer would enter upon unprecedented adversity. He is compelled to admit that the farmer is now prosperous beyond what has ever been attained in agricultural pursuits. So he has changed his tune and says: "Insofar as the farmers have prospered it is due to natural conditions and not to the governmental policies of the republican party." In this statement he distinctly attacks the proposition which he presented in previous years to the farmers, when he told them that change in governmental policies was the thing that was necessary to save them from bankruptcy.—Troy Times.

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.

☞Mr. Whitney might have gone further and declared that as it is managed now the democracy is an old woman's party.—Washington Post.

☞Mr. Bryan admits that he has not preached his doctrines with much success in New England. And New England is not the only place. —Washington Star.

☞The democratic party under present leadership is open to the definition that it is composed of people who are generally opposed to everything.—Decatur (Ill.) Herald.

☞There seems to be some difficulty in the way of Mr. Bryan in his effort to convince himself that he is not to be the candidate in 1904. No one else needs convincing.—N. Y. World (Dem.).

☞The telegraph had scarcely announced Col. William Jennings Bryan's intention of delivering a series of speeches in the west before there was a general frost throughout Iowa. —Chicago Inter Ocean.

ROOSEVELT'S PROSPECTS.

Work of the Present Administration Makes the Outlook Exceeding Promising.

Most of the republican conventions of the year have distinctly pronounced for the nomination and election of President Roosevelt in 1904. This is especially true of those held within the last two months. Earlier in the season events had not so definitely shaped themselves and the trend was not so clearly marked. The administration itself was new. It was a formative period. Any forecast then would have been premature, says the Philadelphia Press.

But for some time before congress adjourned the basis of judgment had been well determined. The policies and methods of the president had taken form so that they could be measured; the work of the administration had proceeded far enough to furnish a test of its success; and the personal and political currents had become plain. Even now the administration is not a year old, and it is altogether unusual and remarkable that within so short a period of its accession there should be so positive and general a readiness to declare for the nomination of the president. But the sentiment is decided and the outlook is so clear that there is no hesitation in giving it explicit expression.

Every republican convention of the year has indorsed the administration, but Kansas was the first state to name Roosevelt for 1904. This was followed by Pennsylvania, Missouri, Minnesota and Nebraska. Now Iowa joins the procession. The Iowa declaration is put upon the broad ground of plain forecast and universal expectation. This is its language: "Approving his purposes and assured that he has the confidence of the people, we look forward to his election to the presidency in 1904 as a foreshadowed event demanded by the popular will." This is stronger than an expression of personal preference. It is the recognition of a public demand and an assured result.

The Iowa declaration undoubtedly sums up the truth of the political situation. The circumstances under which Mr. Roosevelt came to the presidency involved both danger and promise. No vice president before him has acceded to the chief office without bringing differences and conflict. If he followed the footsteps of his predecessor he would walk the road of peril. If, on the other hand, he rightly measured the public temper and rose to the public requirements, his future was secure. His unexpected and unsought assumption of the great responsibilities was itself a pledge. If he succeeded in such an exigency he was sure to be nominated in his own right. He has had a great success. He has more than met public expectations. He has disarmed doubts. He has grasped the duties and the opportunities of the presidency with a steadiness, courage, firmness and wisdom which have won public confidence. How completely he fills the field may be seen by comparing the active leadership which has come from the executive on a broad range of questions with the lack of any conspicuous leadership in congress.

The Iowa deliverance thus exactly describes the outlook. The election of President Roosevelt in 1904 may be looked forward to as a clearly foreshadowed event, unless something wholly unforeseen and unexpected shall happen to change the entire prospect. The trend is fixed.

A MAN STILL LACKING.

The Democrats Are Yet Beating Up the Bush for a Presidential Candidate.

"Intellectually," Hon. William C. Whitney remarked the other day, "politics is less interesting just now than usually. The trouble is that the democrats have no issue and no man.'

The democratic New York World thinks Mr. Whitney's generalization as to issues is too sweeping. It confesses, however, that neither justice to Cuba, nor the Philippines, nor the trusts can be made a winning issue for the democracy, for the simple reason that Theodore Roosevelt stands for definite policies, which the people approve, on all these questions. It would have hopes of making an issue of the alleged extravagance of congress had not democratic congressmen voted for what it terms "jobs" quite as freely as did republicans. So it falls back upon the "trust-fostering and consumer-robbing tariff" as democracy's only issue.

"Here is an issue," the World hopefully declares, "if the democrats can force it to the front and keep it there."

While the questions of taxation are always with us, it is evident that the democracy can hardly make the tariff a winning issue at present. The memory of the sufferings of 1893-97 is still too acute to induce the people to confide such a task to the democratic party, says the Inter Ocean.

And, even if there were belief that the democratic party could be trusted with the delicate task of adjusting our tariff to new conditions, where is the democratic leader to undertake the work?

"The man," the democratic New York World admits, "is not yet in sight." It thinks he might be developed by 1904 if a number of the strongest democrats were elected to the next congress, but at present it searches the country for him in vain.

Without a vital issue and without a leader, the destitute condition of the democracy is indeed pitiful. It is made no less pitiful by its principal New York organ's gropings for an issue. For the World confesses that even if an issue should be found the democrats would still lack a man.

UPRISINGS IN CHINA.

Missionaries Report that Killings of Christians Continue.

New York, Aug. 19.—The Methodist misison board has received by mail a number of reports from its agents in China concerning the recent local uprisings in China.

Rev. Joseph Beech, of Chung King, West China, writes under date of June 22: "Word has been received from Rev. Edward Manly and Rev. Spencer Lewis, a superintendent of the mission, who are in that neighborhood, that the Red Lantern society, the local name for Boxers, has burned the chapel at Tien Ku Chiao, and killed the preacher and four other members. The officials endeavored to suppress these Boxer practices and decapitated six and crucified one."

Rev. Mr. Beech writes concerning the uprising in West China:

"Since last writing, more news of the Boxer troubles has arrived. It indicates a widespread movement with increasing power and violence. In addition to the destruction of the Tien Ku Chiao community, Wu Kwang Tsang has been destroyed, but most of the people escaped. There is considerable alarm now at Chentu, but the officials are confident there will be no serious trouble there. Throughout the country, however, there has been widespread destruction, and it is probable that most of the Christians living outside walled cities, comprising several hundred persons, will lose all they have, if not life itself."

FOR TWO MURDERS.

An ex-Convict Is Wanted in Wyoming, but Has Escaped.

Denver, Col., Aug. 19.—The police yesterday received a letter from Frank B. Keyes, a deputy sheriff at Fair Play, Col., stating that Thomas O'Brien, an ex-convict, who was arrested here last week on a charge of safe blowing, is wanted at Rawlins, Wyo., charged with the murder of Morris Waln and C. V. Strong.

Strong's father in 1888, the year of the murder, was a Wall street operator. Waln came from Haverford, a suburb of Philadelphia, and his brother Jacob is a commission merchant in that city. Strong and Waln came west on a hunting trip and on August 14, 1888, their dead bodies were found.

The bodies had been stripped of every stitch of clothing and an examination revealed that Strong's skull had been split open with an ax and Waln's head nearly blown off by a charge of buckshot. No trace of the wagon, firearms, or the money of the victims was ever found.

O'Brien was not suspected of the murder until after he had been lodged in the penitentiary at Canyon City for horse stealing. The Wyoming authorities secured requisition papers and were prepared to arrest him on his release from prison, but he was liberated several days earlier than they anticipated and he escaped them.

RACING AT RENDVILLE.

Fine Weather and Sensational Wins for Horses—Favorites Are Beaten—Delmar Wins the Big Prize—Monk Defeats Lord Derby.

Readville, Mass., Aug. 19.—The grand circuit meeting had its opening day at Readville with fine weather and some sensational wins for horses little favored by the betting fraternity, the favorites in each event being beaten. Major Muscovite, who won the 2:08 pace, had sold for $5 to $450 before the race and this remarkable win was almost duplicated in the 2:13 trot, which Baron De Shay took. The big event on the card was the Blue Hill stakes for 2:30 trotters, with a purse of $5,000. It went to Wentworth in a magnificent race.

Readville, Mass., Aug. 21.—In the grand circuit races yesterday Direct Hal broke his own record of 2:06½ and the Norfolk stake record of one-fourth second slower by going the third heat in 2:06.

Readville, Mass., Aug. 22.—The Massachusetts stake race for 2:12 class trotters, the biggest prize of grand circuit week at the Readville track, proved to be a commonplace affair, though Major Delmar won in three straight heats.

Readville, Mass., Aug. 23.—The great surprise at the Readville track Friday was the appearance of Lord Derby in the 2:07 trot. The surprise was not carried out to the extent of his winning the race, for Ed Geers drove The Monk under the wire in two straight heats and won, establishing a new record for himself of 2:05¾. The 2:06 trot had 12 starters, and five heats were needed to find a winner. The first heat went to Reelected, Elsie Carr won the second and Thomas W. Lawson's Mary P. Layburn the third.

Schwab Declares Himself.

New York, Aug. 20.—Charles M. Schwab arrived here last evening. He stepped briskly from the car and as he did so he said to a number of newspaper men present: "Now, gentlemen, I am going to tell you three things. In the first place I don't look like a sick man. In the second place I feel the necessity of a rest and I am going to take one. In the third place I am not going to resign and have no intention of retiring from the United States Steel Corporation." "Are you going to Europe?" was asked Mr. Schwab. "Yes," he replied.

Explosion Caused Three Deaths.

Paducah, Ky., Aug. 20.—The boiler in Simpson's sawmill at New Liberty, Ill., ten miles from this city, exploded yesterday, killing three men and seriously injuring five others.

Convicted of Libel.

Manila, Aug. 19.—Judge Ambler, who has conducted the trial of Frederick Dorr, proprietor, and Edward O'Brien, editor of Freedom, who were charged with libeling Benito Legarda, a Filipino member of the civil commisison, announced yesterday that he had found the defendants guilty. They were not sentenced. Judge Ambler decided that the headlines of the article published in Freedom were libelous and that the text of the article was not privileged because it was published maliciously and was therefore libelous.

NINE MEN KILLED.

Digesters Explode in a Paper Mill at Wilmington, Del.

The Company's Officers Are of Opinion that Too Much Steam Was Generated in the Vats, the Pressure of Which Caused the Explosions.

Wilmington, Del., Aug. 21.—Nine workmen are known to have been killed, five are missing, and four others were badly injured by the explosion of two steel digesters in the Delaware pulp mills of the Jessup & Moore Paper Co., on the Christiana river, Wednesday afternoon. The known dead are:

Frank Harris.
William Burke.
James Nagle.
John McCormick.
Zachariah Collins (colored)
James Stokes.
Joseph Lumbacher.
Granville Waters.
Joseph Henry, fireman.

The missing are:

William Scott, fireman.
Joel Hutton, fireman.
William Ruth, fireman.
E. H. Mousley.
James Sweeney.

The injured: James Jester, badly burned, recovery doubtful. John Collins, burned and inhaled flames. George Durham, burned and scalded, recovery doubtful. Thomas Reeves, skull fractured.

The digesters were located in a two-story building. There were two of them in the building, each one resembling a vat and about six feet in diameter. They were used for reducing wood pulp. Eighteen men were at work in the building. There were two terrific reports and the next instant the building and other mills about the structure were completely wrecked. One digester was blown into the air and fell to the ground 250 feet.

A dense volume of smoke for a time prevented the outside workmen from going to the immediate rescue of those who were thought to be in the ruins. Several men made their escape without assistance. An alarm of fire was sounded and the entire fire department responded. A large force of policemen were also summoned. Several workmen were taken out unconscious by the rescuers, only to die after being removed to hospitals. The wreckage was piled up for more than 30 feet and the escaping steam made the work of rescue rather difficult.

Those who were not killed outright were mangled and burned by escaping acid that flowed over their bodies from the broken digesters.

To add to the horror of the disaster the wreckage took fire, but after some difficulty the fire department managed to subdue the flames and the work of rescue was continued.

Steam was used in the digesters. The officers of the company think that too much steam was generated in them and that this was the cause of the explosion. The monetary loss is estimated at $35,000.

ATTEMPTED TO ESCAPE.

As a Result One Prisoner Is Dead and Two Others Are Wounded.

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 21.—Fired by a desire to gain their freedom, Wallace Bishop and Thomas Mulligan, of Kenton county, and Lafayette Brooks, of Morgan county, all murderers and desperate criminals, made a futile attempt to escape from the state penitentiary here yesterday morning. As a result Bishop is dead, Brooks is shot through the shoulder, and Alfred Ransome, colored, a Louisville murderer, who for a few minutes essayed to follow the three daring leaders, is suffering from a wound in the shoulder.

The mutiny which lasted for four and a half hours and ended in an ignominious surrender by the convicts, caused great excitement within the prison and among the people of Frankfort. The convicts chose the breakfast hour for their dash for liberty when they hoped to stampede a large number of prisoners. They overpowered the guards with their pistols, captured Charles Willis, a foreman of the reed department of the chair factory, and, using him as a shield, entrenched themselves in a room where they defied the officials. It was not until they discovered that Warden Eph Lillard intended to starve them out that they decided to surrender.

Two People Drowned.

Franklin, Pa., Aug. 21.—Dr. Glenn S. McDowell, of this city, and his 12-year-old daughter, Laura, were drowned in Conneaut lake, last evening. Dr. McDowell, with his wife, son and daughter, was returning from a skiff ride and when within about 300 yards of the shore the skiff was run down by the small steamer Iroquois. All of the McDowell family were thrown into the water, the girl sinking immediately, while the others clung to the upturned skiff. Dr. McDowell dived for his daughter, but neither came to the surface again.

Died from Beri-Beri.

Port Townsend, Wash., Aug. 21.—The Peruvian bark Santa Rosa arrived yesterday from San Buena Ventura, United States of Colombia, with most of the crew sick with Beri-Beri. Three sailors have died of the disease.

Deaths in the Philippines.

Washington, Aug. 21.—Between June 25 and July 10, 72 deaths occurred among the enlisted men of the Division of the Philippines. Of the total number of deaths, 35 were due to Asiatic cholera. The war department to-day received this cablegram from Gen. Chaffee, at Manila, together with a list of those soldiers who had died. In addition to the 35 who died of cholera, 17 died of dysentery, six of malarial fever and the remainder of various other diseases. Of those who died of cholera, nine were Philippine scouts and natives.

$100.00 Cash Prize for a Name.

For the new Daily Limited train to California to be placed in service November 1, 1902, by the Rock Island System and Southern Pacific Company, via the El Paso Short Line. The competition is open to the public and conditions involve no fees of any kind. For circular of instructions, address at once Jno. Sebastian, Passenger Traffic Manager, Rock Island System, Chicago.

Not to return a benefit is the greater sin, but not to confer it is the earlier.—Seneca.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease. It cures painful, swollen, smarting, sweating, feet. Makes new shoes easy. Sold by all Druggists and Shoe stores. Don't accept any substitute. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

It is better to miss being rich, than to make others poor.—Ram's Horn.

Stops the Cough

and works off the cold. Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Price 25 cents.

When faith is lost and honor dies, the man is dead.—Whittier.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Endsley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE

W. L. Douglas shoes are the standard of the world.

W. L. Douglas made and sold more men's Good-year Welt (Hand Sewed Process) shoes in the first six months of 1902 than any other manufacturer.

$10,000 REWARD will be paid to anyone who can disprove this statement.

W. L. DOUGLAS $4 SHOES CANNOT BE EXCELLED.

1899 sales, 1st 6 months, $1,103,820 | 1902 sales, 1st 6 months, $2,340,000

Best Imported and American leathers, Heyl's Patent Calf, Enamel, Box Calf, Calf, Vici Kid, Corona Colt, Nat. Kangaroo. Fast Color Eyelets used.

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Are U. S. Government Inspected. Perfectly packed CANNED FOODS, and come to you Fresh, Dainty and deliciously flavored. Put up in convenient sized key-opening cans. Ask your grocer. If not in stock, he will order it at your request. Prepared only by

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In a dainty little booklet, 25 out of some 3000 bright boys tell in their own way just how they have made a success of selling

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

Pictures of the boys—letters telling how they built up a paying business outside of school hours. Interesting stories of real business tact.

We will furnish you with Ten Copies the first week Free of Charge, to be sold at Five Cents a Copy; you can then send us the wholesale price for as many as you find you can sell the next week. If you want to try it, address

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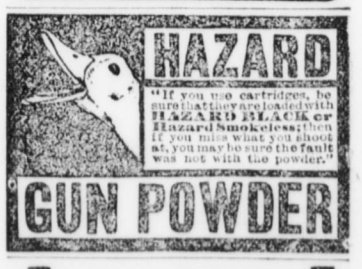
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"If you use cartridges, be sure that they are loaded with HAZARD BLACK or Hazard Smokeless; then if you miss what you shoot at, you may be sure the fault was not with the powder."
GUN POWDER

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

SHOOK THEIR HEADS

Capitalists Did Not Take Kindly to Morse's Invention.

Declined for a Long Time to Invest in Telegraph Stock—Government Control Suggested in 1845.

[Special Washington Letter.]

"HERE is a relic of a struggling industry, the handwriting of a genius," said Mr. Max Lansburgh, student, scientist, philosopher and retired capitalist.

He handed the narrator a pamphlet bearing the imprint of "J. & G. S. Gideon, Washington, 1845." The title page reads: "Description of the American Electro Magnetic Telegraph; now in operation between the cities of Washington and Baltimore; illustrated by fourteen wood engravings. By Alfred Vail assistant superintendent of the Elec. Mag. Tel. for the U. S."

Beneath the title, in small type, is a quotation from the report of the committee on ways and means of the house of representatives, 1845, as follows: "The same principle which justified and demanded the transference of the mail on many chief routes, from the horse-drawn coach on the common highway to steam-impelled vehicles, on land and water, is equally potent to warrant the calling of the electro magnetic telegraph—that last and most wondrous birth of this teeming age—in aid of the post office, in discharge of its great function of rapidly transmitting correspondence and intelligence."

The philosopher observed: "You will see that almost sixty years ago the far-seeing statesmen intended that the telegraph should become a vehicle of the post office department. All of those statements are in their graves, but the idea which most impressed them has not yet been developed into an actual condition. It is yet a theory. Of course the government uses wires for almost all of its correspondence on affairs requiring immediate transmission of intelligence. Individuals expend many millions of dollars for telegrams. But the time has not yet arrived for the government to apply the principle enunciated in that committee report.

"The wording of the report is significant of the age. Only a few years had elapsed since the steam railroads had succeeded the coaches in carrying the mails. The men who formulated that report had seen all of the mails carried on coaches or on horseback when they were children. They had witnessed and participated in the long struggle of the slow goers against the steam locomotive. Therefore it was that they referred to the principle 'which justified and demanded the transference from horse-drawn coaches to steam-impelled vehicles.' They undoubtedly expected during their lifetimes to see the mails carried on the wires, excepting, probably, the newspapers and magazines.

"I have often noticed," continued the philosopher, "that all inventions are timely; that they are projected upon the world precisely when they are required for the development of mankind. The power which makes the electricity of the clouds, the power which lifted he veil for Benjamin Franklin, prepared in many ways for the then-coming civil war. The same power to decelop in Ericcson's mind the revolving monitor turret in time, just to the very minute and second. The same power developed the repeating rifle in time to hasten the close of that war. Great disclosures like the magnet, movable types, the compass, electricity in its various forms and appliances, are not accidents. They are disclosed to mankind

SAMUEL F. B. MORSE.
(Inventor of the American Electro-Magnetic Telegraph.)

in time for great crises. They are not discovered by men. They are disclosed unto men."

The pamphlet which Mr. Lansburgh loaned the writer was issued manifestly for the purpose of booming the new enterprise; and presumably to aid in the disposal of stock in order to raise money to further develop the business. Stock which people to-day would be glad to buy was hesitatingly taken in those days. It seems strange to us that anybody should have hesitated. But distrust is the habit of conservative men. The narrator once heard the great Methodist pulpit orator, Bishop Simpson, say:

"How can anybody blame the people for not accepting Jesus when he was on earth? I don't blame them. He was out of the ordinary. They did not comprehend His words or His works. He spoke as never man spake. His words were high above them. His works made the wise and conservative old Jews believe that he was a mountebank. He was beyond their comprehension."

This new business of talking instantaneously over an electric wire, for a distance of forty miles, seemed a trifle doubtful to capitalists, large and small. The inventors and managers queered their own business by claiming that they could transmit intelligence over wires a thousand miles in length just as easily as over the one wire of forty miles, then in operation. People naturally were inclined to believe that they were lying. The pamphlet says: "The term circuit, used frequently in this work, has reference to the wire, which, commencing at the positive pole of the battery, goes to any distance and returns to he negative pole of the battery When its going and returning are continuous or unbroken, the circuit is said to be closed or complete." There is the claim that the wire will carry the electric circuit "to

CYRUS W. FIELD.
(Prime Mover in the Building of the Trans-Atlantic Cable.)

any distance." That might mean around the entire earth. That was a wonderful claim for that period, 1845.

One of the most remarkable things set forth in that pamphlet is the statement that Morse at one time contemplated using twenty-six wires for the transmission of thought. He says: "During the period of thirteen years many plans have been devised by the inventor to bring the telegraphic alphabet to its simplest form. The plan of using the common letters of the alphabet, twenty-six in number, with twenty-six wires, one wire to each letter, has received its due share of his time and thought. Other modes of using the common letters of the alphabet with a single wire have also been under his consideration. Plans of using two, three, four, five and six wires to one registering machine, have, in their turn, received proportionate study and deliberation. But these and many other plans, after much care and many experiments have been discarded, he being satisfied that they do not possess the essential element, simplicity, which belongs to his original first thought, and the one which he has adopted."

The inventor then gives illustrations of his proposed methods of transmitting the alphabet with two, three, four, five or six pens operating together or in succession.

"The average inventor is a crank who don't last long," said the philosopher. "But the telegraph grew gradually in Morse's brain for a period of 13 years. With that idea uppermost in all of his waking thoughts during that period he must have been unhappy indeed, for he was obliged to keep his secrets to himself. If he had talked with anybody capable of comprehending him he would have given away his rights. If often happens that an inventor will be able to discern almost all of his plan, but it rests with some one else to discover and apply the one little missing principle which is necessary to success."

What was said of electricity in that pamphlet might as well be said to-day: "The effects produced by the galvanic fluid upon the metallic bodies, its decomposing effects upon liquids, its effects upon the animal system, are generally well known. But of the character of the fluid itself, its own essence or substance, we know nothing." That is true to-day. We know nothing more than we did then, although the fluid is used commercially all over the world, and for multifarious purposes.

After a brief treatise on galvanism the pamphlet proceeds: "We will now describe the battery used for telegraphic purposes; the same in principle, but in arrangement more complicated, than those in common use. Two distinct acids are employed; two metals and two vessels." Then follows a minute description of the invention, illustrated very nicely (for that age) with wood cuts showing every form of appliance used, from the "glass tumbler of ordinary size," to the diagram showing how "both stations could transmit at the same time, with one battery for both."

In 1845 the inventor did not imagine that the human ear would be sensitive enough to distinguish between the dots and dashes in the telegraphic signal code, for the pamphlet gives careful attention to a description of the pencils, pens and inks used for making impressions upon paper, all of which methods were a discard. He concludes with praise of the last patented point: "It produces an impression upon the paper, not to be mistaken It is clean, and the points making the impression being of the hardest steel, do not wear, and renders the writing apparatus always ready for use."

But very soon after that young men everywhere, and now-a-days young ladies also, take messages "by sound," thereby rendering the invention many many times more valuable for rapid work.

It seems strange to look at this venerable pamphlet and recall the fact that the success of electric telegraphy was ever in doubt.

SMITH D. FRY.

WITH A REVOLVER.

A Striker is Instantly Killed By a Deputy.

Dynamite Exploded Under Miners' House by Unknown Parties—"Mother" Jones Threatens to Lead an Army of Miners' Wives to Washington.

Nesquehoning, Pa., Aug. 19.—In a clash between striking mine workers and deputies here last night Patrick Sharp, a striker, of Lansford, was shot and killed almost instantly by a deputy. The shooting caused considerable excitement for a time, but order was soon restored without any other persons being injured and the town is now quiet.

Witnesses to the shooting went to the office of W. R. Watkins, the justice of the peace, and made complaint against McElmoyle, charging him with the murder of Sharp. The justice placed the warrant in the hands of a constable, who found McElmoyle at the shaft and accompanied by a guard of other officers took his prisoner to the county jail at Mauch Chunk.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Aug. 19.—The 24 deputies who were arrested by the authorities of Duryea last week for wounding and inciting a riot were given a hearing Monday before Judge Halsey and all but three discharged. The three held were placed under $200 bail each.

New York, Aug. 20.—The presidents of the anthracite coal roads had their usual weekly conference here Tuesday. Before going to the meeting Mr. Truesdale, president of the Lackawanna Railroad Co., said: "There is no foundation for the rumor that the anthracite coal operators will make concessions in order to end the strike. I think work will be resumed in time to produce plenty of coal for the fall demand."

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Aug. 20.—Unknown parties exploded a stick of dynamite under the front door of John Workiuk's house in Pittston township early Tuesday morning. The door was wrecked and the inmates of the house were badly frightened.

Indianapolis, Aug. 22.—"Mother" Jones, well known throughout the mining districts, was a visitor at the national headquarters of the United Mine Workers of America yesterday. She said:

"The wives of the miners will march on Washington, if the strike is not settled by next winter. We will shake them up down there. We will have a popular congress there when the other congress is in session."

"Mother" Jones is going east from Milwaukee, where she has been speaking. She said that she was under the orders of Secretary Wilson. He said she would go to Charleston and points in the Kanawha river country in West Virginia.

"We are waiting to see what Mr. Morgan is going to do," Mr. Wilson said.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Aug. 22.—T. W. Hart, chairman of the Public Alliance of Wilkesbarre, issued an address to the press and public last night in which he urges that every influence be used to bring about the settlement of the coal strike by arbitration. He says the situation is now becoming acute and threatens every business in the strike region.

The Warnke washery at Duryea prepared considerable coal for the market yesterday. The washery is still under heavy guard, but the strikers have made no attempt to interfere with the employes.

Scranton, Pa., Aug. 22.—The Von Storch mine of the Delaware & Hudson Co. resumed operations yesterday with about 80 men. The washery of the Nayaug Coal Co. also resumed and it is expected that the West Ridge colliery of the Ontario & Western will resume. The Von Storch makes six collieries in this city now in operation.

Shenandoah, Pa., Aug. 23.—Fifteen cars of coal were shipped from Silver Creek colliery, near New Philadelphia, last evening, and as it was the first coal that has been prepared for market in that district since the strike began, the strikers were very much excited and several hundred congregated along the railway track watching the train go by. The crowd got in an angry mood at the sight of the loaded cars, but there was no serious demonstration.

Russell Sage Denounces Trusts.

New York, Aug. 22.—Russell Sage, in an interview yesterday, referred to a statement quoting J. Pierpont Morgan as saying that the era of great trusts had just begun, and that more gigantic corporations are stored in the near future, some of which may overshadow the steel trust. Mr. Sage said: "Whether Mr. Morgan said that or not, combinations of all industries are a menace to true government. Not only so, but they are oppressors of the people." "What will be the result of such an era?" asked a reporter. "In such an event the American people will revolt against them and there will be financial ruin the like of which this country has never seen."

Coal at $11 Per Ton.

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 22.—The price of anthracite coal has jumped to $11 a ton and dealers refuse to take orders except in small quantities for immediate delivery.

Will be a Grand Affair.

Chicago, Aug. 22.—The states of the United States, President Roosevelt and prominent government officials will co-operate and participate in the production of the international Olympian games of 1904. All foreign countries will be represented. France has promised to send its army cadets and has asked for the games in 1908. This much is indicated in letters from governors of states and commanders of national guards throughout the country, in reply to invitations sent out ten days ago from the general offices in this city and from cables just received from Paris and Berlin.

WAR MANEUVERS.

They Will Take Place Every Year Hereafter, on Government Land.

Washington, Aug. 21.—The war department has ordered companies of regulars and militia to proceed to Fort Riley, Kan., for the purpose of going through war maneuvers. The governors of the various states were invited to send detachments of militia, but only a few responded. Many governors, however, will send officers to witness the maneuvers.

The benefits to be derived from bringing together regiments, brigades and divisions is so apparent that the war department has fully determined upon this policy for the future. Many of the states have permanent maneuvers for their national guards during the summer months and the result has been extremely beneficial to all those organizations.

The regular army has had an abundance of field service during the past four years, but nearly all the recent work in the Philippine Islands has been done by small detachments, frequently mere squads.

There will be no effort to imitate the great maneuvers which take place annually in Europe. The government intends to utilize its own reservations for this work, whereas, in Europe, the maneuvers practically cover a space as great as the whole of New England. With their long experience in these matters they have become able to maneuver over private property under some just and equitable arrangement for compensation, but in America any attempt to do this would be followed by a flood of claims for damages.

UNDER A NEW FLAG.

The Former Colombian Government Gunboat Boyaca Now Flies a Rebel Banner.

Panama, Colombia, Aug. 21.—The former government gunboat Boyaca, which left here July 29 to carry 300 soldiers to Agua Dulce and which was captured by the Colombian revolutionists, is now at sea flying the rebel flag. The rumors that the Boyaca had been sunk are therefore refuted.

Before she left here Gen. Salazar, governor of Panama, ordered the commander of the Boyaca not to fire the guns on board on account of the bad condition of the vessel.

Revolutionary reports of the capture of the gunboat are that she fought two hours before being captured and it is believed that some accident to her machinery or rudder forced the commander of the Boyaca to accept unequal battle until further resistance was impossible. The Boyaca was an old ship and her machinery and keel were in very bad condition. She was built in 1883 at Wilmington, Del., for the Colombian government.

The hopes of the conservatives of Panama are now centered in the steamer which Senor Concha, Colombian minister at Washington, is supposed to have bought recently at San Francisco. Should this vessel sail promptly for the isthmus with good gunners on board, it is believed by government officials that with the reinforcements expected here from Barranquilla, Gen. Salazar need have no fear of an attack from the revolutionary force.

The Birth of a Town.

St. Louis, Aug. 23.—A special from Thomas City, Oklahoma, says: The birth of the new town of Thomas City, Custer county, Oklohoma, was attended by about 3,000 persons. Drawing for lots began Friday afternoon and more than 200 lots were placed with owners. Some of the lots which cost $20 are now marked $1,000 to $1,500. There is plenty of good water and an abundance of food. The barren plain is converted into a tented village of 3,000 inhabitants. A few hours after the lots were drawn a newspaper was printed and circulated in the village. A big celebration will be held next October.

Fire Throws 1,000 Men Out of Work.

Butte, Mont., Aug. 23.—The reverberatory building of the Butte reduction works, owned by Senator W. A. Clark, was destroyed by fire Friday. The fire originated at furnace No. 1, and was caused by the roof of the furnace caving in. The loss will amount to $30,000, on which there is an insurance of one-half. The loss of the reverberatory will necessitate the closing of the smelter and the three mines which supplied it with ore. One thousand men will be thrown out of work for two months.

Green Goods Gang Arrested.

New York, Aug. 22.—What is said to be the biggest round-up of green goods swindlers ever made by the federal authorities in this city was announced Thursday. Five men and a woman were taken into custody and an entire green goods plant was captured. Four of the prisoners, Joseph B. Baker, Elmer Brown, S. Gottlieb and the latter's wife, were arrested in Newark and George Brown and Thomas Henry were arrested in this city.

A Doctor's Fatal Mistake.

Kansas City, Aug. 21.—Dr. S. L. Foote, aged 80 years, died in his office at Argentine, Kan., during Tuesday night from morphine, apparently taken by mistake. The drug had been taken Tuesday and the physician was not found till several hours afterward. He left a note describing his death struggle and giving directions for the disposition of his property. Dr. Foote came to Argentine from Ohio and had a daughter at Willoughby, that state.

More Pay for Railroaders.

Indianapolis, Aug. 23.—The new schedule of wages on the Big Four, agreed to by the company and the men, will become operative September 1 and will increase the pay rolls of the company about $100,000 a year. The pay of through freight conductors has been 2 9-10 cents a mile and the increase gives them three cents a mile straight. The enginemen get an increase of pay on the large freight and passenger engines. On local freights, the men are paid on a daily basis. The men on the mixed passenger and freight runs were also given an increase.

LIGHTNING SPEED.

Cable Cars Crash Into a Train at Kansas City.

The Gripman Loses Control of His Motor and is Instantly Killed—A Score or More of the Terrified Passengers Hurt—Some Narrow Escapes.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 23.—A cable train crowded with passengers escaped from the control of the gripman in charge at the top of the Ninth street incline early last evening and, dashing down at a terrific speed, crashed into a train standing at the bottom. W. B. Taylor, gripman on the descending car, was instantly killed, and a score or more passengers were bruised, but as most of these were quickly taken away by their friends, the number of the injured and the extent of their injuries are not known.

Among those most severely injured are:

Francis Bishop Powers, a well-known tenor singer of New York City, cut and bruised.

Prof. H. N. Richmond, of William Jewell college, Liberty, Mo., hurt internally.

Mrs. Ola Jorndt, Kansas City, back injured, hurt internally; unconscious at a late hour.

William C. Underhill, Kansas City.

J. E. Hawk, Kansas City, leg broken and other injuries.

The train at the bottom was being prepared for the return trip, but had not been switched to the second track, when the descending train, beyond control, came dashing down the incline. Passengers in both trains became panic-stricken when the impending disaster was foreseen, and in the efforts to escape from both, many had narrow escapes from death.

The incline, which has been the scene of several fatal accidents, is 300 yards in length, and starting at the top of the bluff at Penn and Ninth streets, descends at an angle of 45 degrees to an elevated platform.

LACK OF FUEL.

It Is the Only Really Serious Handicap to Industry—Review of Trade.

New York, Aug. 23.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

Fuel scarcity is still the one serious industrial handicap. Protracted idleness at anthracite mines has increased the pressure for soft coal and coke and, despite new records for output, deliveries are utterly inadequate owing to the lack of motive power. This freight blockade of coke trains has closed many furnaces, while the increasing call for transporting facilities on crop account gives little prospect of early relief.

Current trade is of good volume for the season, while the outlook for the future is bright. Buyers are numerous in all the leading markets, placing orders liberally at well sustained quotations. As the active blast furnace capacity of this country decreases through want of fuel foreign pig iron is purchased more freely. Domestic needs are now far beyond all precedent and even with the available home capacity active there would be imports, although less than are now arriving.

Textile mills are well occupied, business gradually increasing in the cotton goods division, and demands for quick delivery emphasize the fact that stocks are low and requirements for consumption are pressing.

Footwear shops at the east have assurance of full operation for two months.

Failures for the past week numbered 207 in the United States, against 205 last year, and 30 in Canada, against 35 a year ago.

NEW SCALES OF WAGES.

They Will Give More Pay to the Flint Glass Workers.

Pittsburg, Aug. 23.—After a two days' conference between the manufacturers and workers in the pressed ware department of the flint glass trade, a horizontal advance of 5 per cent. to the men was agreed upon, with the proviso that the proposition be submitted to the several lodges for ratification. With this there are now before the workers propositions for new wage scales carrying advances all the way from 5 to 10 per cent. There remains for committee settlement the wage scale in the stopper department. A conference to adjust this will be held in Philadelphia on Thursday of next week.

Some 7,500 men are directly affected by these different scales, and with them are concerned about 30,000 others who are dependent upon the skilled branches. It is believed that the propositions which will go to the workers practically eliminate all likelihood of trouble in any of the flint glass trades.

Mountain Climbers Killed.

Grindiwald, Switzerland, Aug. 23.—The bodies of two Londoners named Fearon and those of two guides who started August 19 to ascend the Wetterhorn and who did not return have been found near the summit of the mountains. Two of the party were apparently killed by lightning and two met their deaths by falls. The bodies were blackened by lightning and were still roped together. The handle of the guide's ice ax, which was found stuck in the snow on the summit of the Wetterhorn, had been split by lightning. The guide's body was partly consumed and his skull was crushed.

Died from Starvation.

Baltimore, Aug. 23.—Mrs. Sarah Schumacher, aged 70 years, was found dead in her room late Thursday night and her daughter, Martha, was wandering in a half crazed condition about their home. Coroner Jones said yesterday that Mrs. Schumacher had died from starvation. Martha Schumacher said she and her mother were too proud to tell any one of their impoverished condition and that for several days neither had had a meal. It is said the Schumachers have well-to-do relatives in Philadelphia and Virginia.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

In the Yacht Sylph He Arrives at New Haven and Commences His Tour of New England—He Meets With Enthusiastic Receptions as He Proceeds.

New Haven, Conn., Aug. 23.—President Roosevelt entered upon his New England tour yesterday and New Haven was the first point visited by him. The yacht Sylph, bearing the president, was sighted off New Haven harbor just before 1 o'clock. Half an hour later the vessel was lying alongside Belle dock, having made the run up New Haven harbor to the accompaniment of salutes.

Mayor Studley and a committee of aldermen greeted the guest the moment he landed and conducted him to the carriage in waiting. Troop A, Connecticut national guard, constituted the military escort. At 1:25 the procession moved. The mounted police were followed by Troop A, and then came carriages containing the president and his party and 60 invited guests.

The program provided for nothing but a drive and the progress of it took the distinguished visitor through the slums, the factory quarters and the center of the city. All traffic over the line of march during the hour of the president's stay was suspended and the city's factories and shops were closed between 1 and 2:30 o'clock. The workmen lined the windows and crowds thronged the streets hours before the drive began. The city was gaily dressed in flags and bunting.

Meriden, Conn., Aug. 23.—The train bearing President Roosevelt and party reached here at 3 o'clock. A salute of guns greeted the president and all the bells in town were rung while 20,000 people lined the streets through which the procession escorting the distinguished visitor passed. The program included singing by 1,000 school children stationed on the lawn in front of the Methodist church and a greeting to the president by the local veterans of the Grand Army in front of the city hall.

Hartford, Conn., Aug. 23.—The president on his arrival at the depot here was welcomed by a committee of representative citizens. He was taken for a drive around the city, occupying, with Col. Jacob L. Greene, a handsome automobile, in charge of two expert New York chauffeurs. He was enthusiastically cheered all along the route.

In Pope park, one of the beautiful recreation spots of the city, the president was greeted by 10,000 workingmen, who presented him with a magnificent floral horseshoe inscribed: "Workingmen's Welcome to Our President."

Last night after his address at the Coliseum the president was the guest of Executive Secretary John T. Robinson. The president invited Mayor Sullivan to meet him at Mr. Robinson's home. The mayor is an ex-clerk who was elected by the laboring men, a fact that the president was familiar with, and he expressed a desire to have a personal chat with Mr. Sullivan.

GOV. TAFT ARRIVES.

Is Welcomed at Manila With an Enthusiastic Popular Demonstration.

Manila, Aug. 23.—Civil Gov. Taft reached here Friday morning at daylight on board the United States gunboat General Alava, from Singapore, He was welcomed with an enthusiastic popular demonstration.

The day had been made a holiday and the city was decorated. Eight large arches had been erected on the streets. Twenty thousand natives from adjoining provinces participated in the demonstration in honor of the governor's arrival. There was a parade of vessels in the bay and 30 decorated launches carrying members of civil commission, military officers and the reception committee met the General Alava down the bay and escorted Gov. Taft to the entrance of the Pasig river. The governor was escorted by a large procession to the palace in the walled city, where a public reception was held.

Responding to an address of welcome, Gov. Taft outlined the progress and the result of his negotiations at Rome in the matter of the Philippine friars, and said that all church questions were progressing toward a satisfactory settlement. The governor said the action taken by congress concerning the Philippines showed that the American people honestly desire to help the Filipinos. The Americans were determined that the islands should not be exploited by Americans at the expense of the Filipinos.

Gov. Taft predicted that eventually the archipelago would have practically free trade and he congratulated the Filipino people upon the restoration of peace. He advised the Filipinos to till the soil and restore their country rather than waste time in useless political agitation. He promised personally to labor for the natives and asked for their confidence and support.

Gov. Taft was given an ovation on the streets of the city on his way to the palace and he received another ovation at his reception.

The Latest Thing in Trusts.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 23.—Charles D. Gates, president of the Turner, Day & Woolworth Handle Co., has returned from New York where he conferred with capitalists who are promoting a $25,000,000 trust, to take in all the ax manufactories, handle manufactories and grindstone factories in this country and Canada, the plants to be operated under one managament.

Boys Checked the Flames.

New York, Aug. 23.—A fire of unknown origin started yesterday in the tower of the main building of the Catholic protectory, in West Chester. Owing to insufficient water pressure the building was for some time in danger, but the fire department of the institution, composed of 50 boys, held the flames in check until the arrival of the engines, when the fire was soon extinguished. Perfect discipline was maintained among the 800 boys in the institution, who at the first alarm took their fire stations and went through their customary drill. The damage is estimated at $10,000.

Cameron County Press

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per year.....$2 00
If paid is advance.....$1 50

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business Cards, five lines or less $5.00 per year over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising

No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

☞No advertisements will be accepted at less than the price for fifteen words.

☞Religious notices free.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Governor,
S. W. PENNYPACKER, Philadelphia.
For Lieutenant Governor,
WILLIAM M. BROWN, Lawrence.
For Secretary of Internal Affairs,
ISAAC B. BROWN, Erie.
For Congress,
S. R. DRESSER, McKean.
E. J. JONES, Elk.
[Subject to Decision of Senatorial Convention.]

EDITORIAL MENTION.

It is possible that the President will convene Congress in extra session in November unless a solution is forthcoming of the troubles that confront Cuba and our own country over the proposed issue of Cuban bonds and the causes it is believed make their issue a necessity.

The Navy Department has accomplished a work of saving to the Government and of thoughtful care for the sailors and marines who need transportation between New York and San Francisco by securing the very advantageous rate of $28.75 per man, as against a regular fare of from $75 to $63 for regular passengers, and a sleeping car rate of $6 instead of the regular $30.

Those who have met Captain Richmond Pearson Hobson believe him when he says, "I am tired of this hero business." Hobson has visited many places this summer and lectured on "Our Navy and the United States as a World Power," and every audience he has appeared before has been agreeably surprised. He is a modest, unassuming gentleman; he is physically perfect, and commanding in appearance; he is a fine lecturer, and in all respects is far different than the press would have the public believe. He is graceful on the platform and a more patriotic, earnest speaker never appeared before an audience. In a recent speech he said: "At present American peace is not secure, owing to the weakness of the present navy. We possess at present 17,000 miles of coast line dotted with cities containing 20,000,000 people owning millions of dollars worth of property. All of this must of neccessity be protected by naval forces. Our commerce on the seas is greater than that of combined Europe. This also can only be adequately protected by a navy. Our navy should be the greatest in the world, equal to almost that of combined Europe. Our present commerce is only a symptom of that which is to come. Our development is only in its infancy. The average American is equal to 2 or 2½ Europeans. He does twice as much work, mentally and morally. He will produce four times as much of a given product and do it easier. The time is not far distant when America will be the world's workshop, producing more for the market of the world than Great Britan, Germany and France combined. The importance of new markets cannot be over estimated. "New Markets," is the battle cry of nations and all rushing toward that goal. The result will be inevitable. A clash will come and the power possessing the greatest naval strength will be the victor."

Come and see the best Refrigerator The only good one on earth at LaBar's

Consumption Threatened.

"I was troubled with a hacking cough for a year and I thought I had consumption," says C. Unger, 211 Maple St., Champaign, Ill. "I tried a great many remedies and I was under the care of physicians for several months. I used one bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar. It cured me, and I have not been troubled since. L. Taggart.

REDFIELD'S MAGAZINE for September contains an array of interesting short stories and special articles not to be found in any magazine at a similar price. 27-2t.

The New Twenty-First District.

The Twenty-first Congressional District—a new one created by the recent apportionment. The Republicans have nominated S. R. Dresser, of McKean County, and the Democratic candidate is Delos E. Hibner, of Clearfield, says Philadelphia Press.

This district, composed of Clearfield, Center, Cameron and McKean, is one the Republicans may safely rely upon in the coming election. It is no secret, however, that the opposition will be very active in all the four counties. Last November on the vote for State Treasurer the district gave a Democratic majority of 395. But little more than one-half the Republican vote was pulled at that time, however, amounting to 10,854. In the last presidential election on a full poll the aggregate Republican vote of the four counties was 19,909, and the Republican majority was 5753. It can be seen, therefore, that anything like a reasonable poll of the party vote makes Republican success certain.

The Republicans of Clearfield and Center Counties for the first time within memory find themselves associated with Republican counties in a congressional district, and the fact has inspirited them to a notable degree. They have worked in perfect harmony in their new relation. The district was the first to agree upon a method of making nominations, and the wisdom of its action has been confirmed by the fact that it presents a candidate whose nomination w as secured without the least friction, and leaves no disappointment or resentment.

Mr. Dresser is a new figure in the active politics of the State, though a life-long Republican. He is a leading business man of his county, with every qualification for a seat in Congress, both in character and ability. The party in the district has made a long-headed choice for its first candidate, one which will command the united Republican vote and gives unqualified assurance of success.

A Busy Senator.

The bulk of Pennsylvania's business in Washington rests on the broad shoulders of Senator Boies Penrose. The junior senator has always borne this burden. It is an heritage of the office. Quay did it when Cameron was the senior senator and Penrose does it now that Quay is his senior. Here are a few statistics and facts about the junior senator's daily work when congress is in session:

His daily mail averages between 400 and 500 letters. It embraces eve rything from the prayer of a broken hearted mother whose soldier son has been court martialed and for whom she is begging pardon down to the request of a farmer for an agricultural bulletin on the destruction of plant lice. Every mail is a mixture of tearstained epistles, begging, threatening demanding and commending letters.

Every letter is answered within twenty-four hours of its receipt. People imagine that Senator Penrose's private secretary attends to all the business of his office, while the senator does nothing but make speeches and sit in the cloak rooms. That is a dream of the canal boat era. To attend to correspondence, file and tabulate it, so that any letters received within five years can be produced in five minutes, requires the services of an assistant to the secretary and four stenographers. His correspondence is greater than that of any other except Hanna of Ohio, who is chairman of the Republican national committee.

The rooms of the committee on immigration is Senator Penrose's office. Here he receives hundreds of callers every day. Secretary Andrews is in charge and here letters and telegrams are dictated. The actual work room is over in the Malt by building, where all day the "clack" of the typewriter goes ceaselessly on. There are the documents, maps, plans, seeds and other impediments of senatorial life are folded, wrapped and expressed.

Four persons are engaged in this. In addition, two men are constantly employed in visiting the departments and gathering information in which constituents are interested. In all a staff of eight persons is required to attend to his purely clerical and departmental work.

DR. FENNER'S KIDNEY and Backache CURE

All diseases of Kidneys, Bladder, Urinary Organs. Also Rheumatism, Backache, Heart Disease, Gravel, Dropsy, Female Troubles.

Don't become discouraged. There is a cure for you. If necessary write Dr. Fenner. He has spent a life time curing just such cases as yours. All consultations **Free.**

"Eight months in bed, heavy backache, pain and soreness across kidneys, also rheumatism. Other remedies failed. Dr. Fenner's Kidney and Backache Cure cured me completely. H. WATERS, Hamlet, N. Y."

Druggists, 50c., $1. Ask for Cook Book—Free.

ST. VITUS' DANCE Sure Cure. Circular. Dr Fenner, Fredonia, N.Y.

Prepare for Business

AT A

GOOD SCHOOL.

The Elliott Commercial School

of WEST VIRGINIA, have such a reputation.

Four Schools:
Wheeling, Charleston, Fairmont, Clarksburg.

Only the best teachers employed.

Write for School literature

Senator Quay and His State.

The Portland, Me., "Daily Press."

Senator Hanna having failed to make any impression on the strike, the coal miners are turning to Senator Quay, and have addressed to him a hundred thousand letters or more, asking him to use his influence to obtain for the miners a small concession that will end the strike. Mr. Quay will probably be as powerless as was Mr. Hanna, but he has one advantage. He is the undisputed boss of Pennsylvania politics, and the Pennsylvania Legislature is to a large extent under his domination. The coal companies are located principally in Pennsylvania, and they all must fear more or less hostile legislation. Mr. Quay is perfectly capable of telling them that they must make terms with the miners or they will suffer. He has never hesitated at anything that the people of Pennsylvania as a whole demanded. When the Democratic Wilson tariff bill was going through the Senate he deliberately held it up with an interminable speech until the iron and steel schedule was made satisfactory to Pennsylvania. He has held up measures which his party was pledged to pass in order to please Pennsylvania interests. His whole career has been based on the principal of doing the thing wanted, no matter what might stand in the way. He does not care particularly about means or methods, platforms or principals, when the goddess Pennsylvania waves her hand. Such a man as that may do apparent impossibilities, when the impossibilities are demanded by thousands of exasperated men. In this case he may not be able to help the coal miners, but if he tries he can come nearer than any other man on the scene.

Don't miss "Special Dispatch" by Irving Claxton in the September number of REDFIELD'S MAGAZINE. 27-2t.

TREMENDOUS DROP IN PIANOS.

Temple Music Store is Overstocked and They Must be Sold as Soon as Possible.

On account of pianos coming in daily that we have agreed to take, we are overstocked and therefore have decided to cut prices in preference to paying storage and having the instruments on our hands.

Our stock consists of Kimball, Chickering, Foster, Ives & Pond, Haines, Knabe and many others which are high grade pianos. This stock is also the largest and most complete in this part of the country.

All $300 pianos go at $150, our $350 pianos will sell at $175 and the $400 instruments will soon be gone at $198. These are great bargains. Then the $425 pianos will not last long at $217, while the very best makes and styles will be sold at ridiculously low prices. We cannot afford to sell them at these prices all the time, and we shall only sell them at reduced rates until we can reduce our stock.

If you are in the market this is a chance you cannot afford to pass, the terms being $15 cash, and balance at least $5 per month.

Remember the place is the Temple Music Store, No. 124 North Union St., Masonic Building, Olean, N. Y.

Open evenings. 35-3t

Zinc and Grinding Make

Devoe Lead and Zinc Paint wear twice as long as lead and oil mixed by hand. Murry & Coppersmith sell our paint. tf

If there is anyone on this side of the water who can hit off American society with anything approaching the airy wit and romance of Anthony Hope's pictures of London society, it is Mr. Herman Knickerbocker Viele, the author of "Myra of the Pines." A capital example of Mr. Viele in his most amusing manner is his "Guest of Honor" in the September McClure's, the story of a smart hostess who entertains, all unaware, and fearfully mortified at his outlandish manners, a literary lion of the finest breed. The story is illustrated with two full-page pictures by A. B. Wenzell.

Pick up a copy of REDFIELD'S MAGAZINE and forget your cares. 27-2t.

Look Pleasant, Please.

Photographer C. C. Harlan, of Eaton, O., can do so now, though for years he couldn't, because he suffered untold agony from the worst form of indigestion. All physicians and medicines failed to help him till he tried Electric Bitters, which worked such wonders for him that he declares they are a godsend to sufferes from dyspepsia and stomach troubles. Unrivaled for diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, they build up and give new life to the whole system, Try them. Only 50c. Guaranteed by L. Taggart druggist.

Dyspepsia is the parent of many disagreeable qualities.

Shatters All Records.

Twice in hospital, F. A. Gulledge, Verbeno, Ala., paid vast sum to doctors to cure a severe case of piles, causing 24 tumors. When all failed, Bucklen's Arnica Salve soon cured him. Subdues Inflammation, conquers Aches, kills Pains. Best salve in the world. 25c at L. Taggart's drug store.

Civilization compells the savage to work for his daily bread,

Just Look At Her.

Whence came that sprightly step, faultless skin, rich, rosy complexion, smiling face She looks good, feels good. Here's her secret. She uses Dr. King's New Life Pills. Result,—all organs active, digestion good, no headaches, no change for "blues." Try them yourself. Only 25c at L. Taggart's.

After a mighty lie has prevailed men call it the truth.

A Worm Killer.

J. A. J. Montgomery, Puxico, Wayne Co., Mo., writes: "I have little twin girls, who have been bothered with worms all their lives. I tried everything to relieve them which failed until I used White's Cream Vermifuge; the first two doses brought four worms from one of them, the next two doses, twelve, one of them measuring twelve inches, the other child was only relieved of four worms. It is a most excellent medicine." White's Cream Vermifuge is good for children. It not only destroys worms. It helps the child to perfect growth, wards off sickness. 25c at L. Taggart's.

A kiss may be either a punishmentor or a reward.

All Were Saved.

"For years I suffered such untold misery from Bronchitis," writes J. H. Johnston, of Broughton, Ga., "that often I was unable to work. Then, when everything else failed. I was wholly cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. My wife suffered intensely from Asthma, till it cured her, and all our experience goes to show it is the best Croup medicine in the world." A trial will convence you it's unrivaled for Throat and Lung diseases. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free at L. Taggart's.

You can't deny that it looks shiftless to own more than one dog.

Watch for a Chill.

However slight at this time of year and in this climate, it is the forerunner of malaria. A disposition to yawn, and an all tired out feeling even comes before the chill. Herbine, by its prompt stimulative action on the liver, drives the malarial germs out of the system, purifies the blood, tones up the system and restores health. 50c at L. Taggart's.

It always makes us mad to see a poor player wear a base ball suit.

To My Friends.

It is with joy I tell you what Kodol did for me. I was troubled with my stomach for several months. Upon being advised to use Kodol, I did so, and words cannot tell the good it has done me. A neighbor had dyspepsia so that he had tried most everything. I told him to use Kodol. Words of gratitude have come to me from him because I recommended it.—Geo. W. Fry, Viola, Iowa. Health and strength, of mind and body, depended on the stomach, and normal activity of the digestive organs. Kodol, the great reconstructive tonic, cures all stomach and bowel troubles, indigestion, dyspepsia. Kodol digests the good food you eat. Take a dose after meals. R. C. Dodson.

Not Over-Wise.

There is an old allegorical picture of a girl scared at a grass-hopper, but in the act of heedlessly treading on a snake. This is paralled by the man who spends a large sum of money building a cyclone cellar, but neglects to provide his family with a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy as a safe guard against bowel complaints, whose victims outnumber those of the cyclone a hundred to one. This remedy is everywhere recgonized as the most prompt and reliable medicine in use for these diseases. For sale by L. Taggart.

A Necessary Precaution.

Don't neglect a cold. It is worse than unpleasant. It is dangerous. By using One Minute Cough Cure you can cure it at once. Allays inflammation, clears the head, soothes and strengthens the mucous membrane. Cures coughs, croup, throat and lung troubles. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Children like it. R. C. Dodson.

A feature of the September number of REDFIELD'S MAGAZINE is a beautiful picture (in color) of Mary Manning in "The Lady of Lyons." 27-2t.

AUDITORS' REPORT

OF SHIPPEN SCHOOL DISTRICT FOR THE YEAR 1901 AND 1902.

O. S. PETERS, Treasurer, in account with Shippen Township School Fund.

DR.

To amount received from L. W. Spence ex-treas	$1,504 57
To State appropriation	1,911 34
To Rec'd from C. M. Thomas, Co. Treas	80 00
To Rec'd from P. S. Culver, Coll. 1900	279 00
To Rec'd from P. S. Culver, Coll. 1901	461 55
To Rec'd from C. M. Thomas, Co Treas	1,521 00
To Rec'd from W. Yothers, Co. Treas	1,292 06
	$7,049 52

CR.

Paid May Moon, for teaching	$268 12
Paid Jessie Sterling, for teaching	240 00
Paid Druci Evers, for teaching	247 50
Paid Annie Evers, for teaching	268 12
Paid Corral Leggett for teaching	268 12
Paid Maggie Lyon for teaching	217 50
Paid Bertha Gregory, for teaching	247 50
Paid Kate Cummings, for teaching	247 50
Paid Lora McQuay, for teaching	232 50
Paid Alda Carter, for teaching	288 75
Paid Annie Cleary, for teaching	247 50
Paid George Leavitt, for teaching	247 50
Paid Blanch Moon, for teaching	249 00
Paid Mame Williams, for teaching	288 75
Paid Gertrude German, for teaching	232 50
Paid Luella Moore, for teaching	247 50
Paid Jennie Stiver, for teaching	247 50
Paid Allen Russell	14 00
Paid Johnson & McNarney	3 18
Paid Thos. Gallagher	3 41
Paid I. K. Hockley	76 24
Paid Frank Moon	10 35
Paid Cameron County Press	43 50
Paid G. T. Dixon	95 85
Paid O. S. Peters	7 00
Paid D. A. Skinner	2 00
Paid N. A. Ostrum	28 50
Paid Owen Diminy	20 00
Paid S. S. Hacket	31 50
Paid C. R. Kline	10 05
Paid W. F. Brown	32 00
Paid D. C. Hayes	14 92
Paid J. P. Dixon	4 00
Paid Wm. McDonald	7 25
Paid W. L. Dixon	4 50
Paid Lindon Lewis	23 00
Paid Gillman Leavitt	34 25
Paid H. G. Phillips, supplies	36 29
Paid Chas. Specht	7 00
Paid Walker, Howard & Co	85 78
Paid C. Jay Goodnough	5 00
Paid Thos. Waddington	10 00
Paid N. S. Cutler	52 00
Paid J. R. Buckwalter	2 90
Paid George Barker	5 00
Paid I. F. Ostrum	211 50
Paid Toney Slane	25 60
Paid W. R. Johnson	20 52
Paid Green & Shaffer	15 00
Paid Verney Lewis	11 00
Paid Butler, Sheldon & Co	4 50
Pain Roberts & Meek	82 18
Paid O. F. Reed	19 80
Paid H. J. Newton	21 00
Paid R. S. Ostrum	5 00
Paid Penna. School Journal	7 00
Paid American Book Co.	418 08
Paid Harry S. Lloyd	14 66
Paid W. F. Lloyd	23 16
Paid Alice Lewis	30 00
Paid two per cent commission	117 28
Total credits	$5,981 56
Total receipts	$7,049 52
Balance in hands of treasurer	$1,067 96

ASSETS.

Cash on hand	$1,067 96
Balance due from P. S. Culver 1900 tax,	21 00
Balance due from P. S. Culver 1901 tax,	944 60
	$2,033 56

LIABILITIES—None.

O. S. PETERS, Treasurer, in account with Shippen Township School Building Fund.

RECEIPTS.

Balance from L. W. Spence, Ex. Treasurer	$1,079 60

EXPENDITURES.

H. J. Newton	$12 50
Chas. Specht	11 75
F. H. Pearsall	49 50
Owen Dininy	5 00
S. C. Parks	1 50
James Ostrum	30 50
Tony Shane	26 75
Geo. Barker	2 00
Chas. King	38 00
C. B. Howard & Co	6 15
E. H. Marshall	8 91
Thos. B. Leavey	26 33
Gillman Leavitt	1 00
S. E. Murry & Co	5 40
Jesse Skillman	3 00
Frank Judd	98 70
N. Lockwood	1 00
Michael Evers	2 50
B. Ostrum	5 00
C. W. Spence	3 00
Mrs. C. C. Skillman	5 00
Emporium Machine Co	22 85
Casper Sipple	577 29
F. K. Zimmer	16 76
Deli Towner	1 00
George J. LaBar	6 55
Two per cent Commission	19 36
	$987 30

RECAPITULATION.

Total receipts	$1,079 60
Total Expenditures	987 30
Cash on hand	$92 30

ASSETS.

Due from P. S. Culver, Coll. 1895, 96, 97,	$998 23
Due from L. Lockwood, Coll. 1898	91 64
Cash on hand	92 30
	$1,182 17

O. S. PETERS, Treasurer, in account with Shippen Township School Bond Fund.

RECEIPTS.

Rec'd from L. W. Spence Ex. Treasurer	$204 37
Received from P. S. Culver, Tax for 1900	130 45
Received from P. S. Culver tax for 1901	25 00
Rec'd from C. M. Thomas, Tres. tax 1901	364 00
Rec'd from Walter Yothers, Tres tax 1901	90 86
Recd from W. Yothers Tres tax 1900-01	216 16
	$1,030 84

EXPENDITURES.

By 46 Coupons at $2.50 each	115 00
By two per cent commission on coupons	2 30
	$117 30

RECAPITULATION.

Total receipts	$1,030 84
Total expenditures	117 30
Cash on hand	$913 54

ASSETS.

Cash on hand	$913 54
Due from P. S. Culver, Coll	245 40
Due from Walter Yothers, Co Treasurer	57 00
	$1,215 94

LIABILITIES.

Bonds	$3,500 00

We, the undersigned, Auditors of the Township of Shippen, hereby certify that we have examined, audited, adjusted and settled the foregoing accounts of O. S. Peters, Treasurer, in account with the School, School Building and School Bond funds of the School District of the Township of Shippen and that the foregoing is a true and correct statement of the same.

Witness our hands the 22nd day of August, A. D., 1902.

H. J. NEWTON,
FRANK LOCKWOOD,
Township Auditors.

THE WORLD'S BEST
BY EVERY TEST
Gold Medal for high-standard quality at New Orleans, 1885; Chicago, 1893. Paris, 1900.

For sale by
WM. McGEE.

For Piles.

Sample mailed free.

One application gives relief.

The continued use of Humphreys' Witch Hazel Oil permanently cures Piles or Hemorrhoids—External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching or Burning, Fissures and Fistulas. Relief immediate—cure certain.

Three Sizes, 25c., 50c. and $1.00. Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Sts., New York.

NERVOUS DEBILITY,

Vital Weakness and Prostration from overwork and other causes. Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy. $1 per vial, or special package for serious cases, $5.

Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price.

Humphreys' Med. Co., William & John Sts., N. Y.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

This preparation contains all of the digestants and digests all kinds of food. It gives instant relief and never fails to cure. It allows you to eat all the food you want. The most sensitive stomachs can take it. By its use many thousands of dyspeptics have been cured after everything else failed. It prevents formation of gas on the stomach, relieving all distress after eating. Dieting unnecessary. Pleasant to take.

It can't help but do you good

Prepared only by E. C. DEWITT & Co., Chicago. The $1. bottle contains 2½ times the 50c. size.

R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa.

If You Could Look

into the future and see the condition to which your cough, if neglected, will bring you, you would seek relief at once—and that naturally would be through

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

Guaranteed to cure Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all Lung Troubles. Cures Coughs and Colds in a day. 25 cents. Write to S. C. WELLS & Co., Le Roy, N. Y., for free trial bottle.

Karl's Clover Root Tea purifies the Blood

DR. FENNER'S **KIDNEY and BACKACHE CURE** Rheumatism, Backache, Dropsy, Gravel.

All Bladder and Urinary Diseases. *By Druggists, 50c. $1.*

R. C Dodson, Agent,
36 28ly. Emporium, Pa

CENTRAL

State Normal School,

Lock Haven, Pa.

J. R. FLICKINGER, A. M. Sc. D., Principal.

Fall term opens Sept. 8th, 1902.
Offers free tuition to prospective teachers.

This institution is one of the foremost Normal Schools of the State. Has the handsomest and most modern buildings, a well educated faculty, and a beautiful location. It also offers excellent courses in Music, Elocution, Shorthand and has an excellent College Preparatory department. Expenses absolutely lower than in any other institutian of equal rank.

Address, for illustrated Catalogue,
1jy2m THE PRINCIPAL.

STERLING RUN, PA.

We have returned from the city, and as usual we bought too many goods. The goods are on our shelves for your inspection and we invite the public to come and inspect them and get prices. We will sell these nice up-to-date goods for the next THIRTY DAYS at a very small margin to reduce our stock. NOW IS THE TIME FOR GOOD BARGAINS.

We sell BRUSSELS CARPET from sample, we measure your room, cut carpet to fit and sew it if you wish. We carry INGRAIN carpets and FLOOR MATTING in Stock. Our prices on matting are 16c, 20c, 25c, 28c, and 30 cents per yard.

We are agents for

DEMOREST SEWING MACHINES.
DEERING HARVESTER COMPANY,
AMERICAN AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL FERTILIZER CO.

J. E. SMITH,

Sterling Run, Pa.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., Aug. 11, 1902.

NEMOPHILA, per sack	$1 20
Graham, "	60
Rye "	60
Buckwheat, "	
Patent Meal, "	50
Coarse Meal, per 100,	1 50
Chop Feed, "	1 50
Middlings, Fancy "	1 50
Bran,	1 15
Corn, per bushel,	84
White Oats, per bushel,	48
Choice Clover Seed, Choice Timothy Seed, Choice Millet Seed, Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..

R. C. DOBSON.

Telephone, 19-2.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card or letter, personally.

Addison Gross is now night clerk at Warner House.

Mrs. George Stevens is recovering from her serious illness.

Mrs. Ida Hamilton spent Sunday at Wilcox guest of her daughter Mrs. Fred Linsel.

J. H. Evans, proprietor of Sizerville hotel was in town on Tuesday and dropped in to see the PRESS.

Mrs. Nelson L. Allen and daughter are visiting relatives and friends in Emporium, Pa.—Galeton Dispatch.

The Rev. Joseph S. Poyer and wife of Pine, Clinton county, are visiting the latter's parents Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Leggett on West Creek.

Suzanne Fauzy who has been nursing her sister Mrs. George Stevens, who has been ill with typhoid fever, expects to return to her duty as nurse in Warren Hospital the latter part of the week.

Dan'l Downey and wife returned last Thursday from an extended visit with relatives at Bath, Clean, Elmira and other New York cities, they also visited at Coudersport, Pa., and report having a very enjoyable time.

The Rev. W. P. Shriner, D. D., and daughter Emma, who have been spending some time pleasantly in this place as the guests of friends, were suddenly called away last Sunday by the death of Mrs. Shriner's father in Manchester, Maryland.

L. Conklin and E. L. Mason, of Emporium were looking our town over the first of the week.....Geo. A. Walker, Jr, of Emporium, accompained by Miss Nina Bryan of the same place, Miss Conrad of Erie, Miss Ethel Winwood, of Boston, and Mrs Grant Wiley of Galeton, were looking our town over on Saturday.—Austin Authograph.

George Walker, of Emporium, was seen in town Saturday.....Master Hugh Hutchinson and Harry Mills wheeled to Emporium Saturday....Mr. C. E. Wikstrand expects to sail for Sweden next Wednesday, for a visit of a few weeks in the hope of regaining his health.....Irving Mason, a filer in the saw mill of C. B. Howard & Co., of Emporium, accompanied by E. E. Teter and Murray Teter, left for Emporium this morning where they are engaged.—Austin Republican.

Chas. T. Felt visited at Port Alleganey on Monday.

Mrs. E. M. and Mrs. George Hurteau visited Buffalo last Monday.

Mrs. J. P. Felt, entertained a party of lady friends last Friday.

J. B. Schriever visited in Emporium over Sunday, with his family.

Mrs. A. H. Shaffer and children are visiting relatives at Sinnamahoning.

County Surveyor A. H. Shaffer was a brief PRESS visitor Monday evening.

Miss Elizabeth Ludium and Mrs. Blanch More are Buffalo visitors this week.

Mrs. George O. Baker and son, of New York City, are visiting at Dr. Baker's.

Mrs. A. J. Rogers, is making an extended visit at Coudersport, Colesburg and Ladona.

Gordon Beattie has been visiting his aunt, Mrs. Spearing, at Keating, durthe past week.

Mrs. Geo. H. Dickinson and daughter Fannie have returned from visiting Buffalo and Dunkirk.

James Morrissey, of Superior, Wis., is visiting his grand-mother, Mrs. James Morrissey, at this place.

Mr. Charles Robinson is visiting friends in Punxutawney this week, having gone away last Monday.

Mrs. Editha Howard and daughter, Miss Marcia, are guests of Mrs. M. A. Rockwell, their mother and grandmother.

Missis Jennie and May Gould, and Miss Addie Garrity left on Monday for Atlantic City to pass the balance of the season.

Mrs. S. G. Buchanan and daughter, Miss Helen, of Du Bois, Pa., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Fisher, Fifth street.

Dan'l Munday has been visiting his Emporium friends the past week and distributed a large quantity of delicious apples.

Miss Ada Storm, who has been guest of R. Warner and family for several days, returned to Philadelphia this morning.

Mrs. J. H. Cole, who has been visiting her parents, Riley Warner and wife at this place, left on Tuesday for her home at Keokuk, Iowa.

Mrs. Andrew Ingersoll, of Emporium, is visiting her sister, Mrs. G. E. Truckenmille, 703 Bellefonte avenue.—Lock Haven Democrat.

A. C. Blum returned last Saturday, from his Southern trip, in very poor health Although a little indisposed he hopes, after a few days rest, to be himself again.

Mrs. Lee Welsh, of Ridgway, and Miss Anna Welsh daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Welsh, are visiting friends at Renovo, Lock Haven and other points for a few days.

Surveyor A. H Shaffer, and crew of assistants, have been surveying and making maps of the recently acquired land, purchased by Climax Powder Company, this week.

Miss Maud Pearsall, of Coudersport, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. J. A. Fisher, and brother, F. H. Pearsall, at this place for several weeks has returned to her home.

Urban Bountain, of this place, who very recently returned from Alaska, was a PRESS visitor on Wednesday and seems glad to return to the land of comfort and pleasure.

The Rev. B. H. Hart, of Harrisburg, enroute for Smethport where he addressed a great gathering of the Odd Fellows, of McKean county last Tuesday, spent a short time here calling on friends.

Uncle William McGee took his annual trip to Sizerville, last Sunday, accompanied by a number of his friends. Toney Seifried drove him. When they neared Rattlesnake Park Billy cried to Toney to drive fast, for he had a "distinct recollection of water mellons flying through the air."

J. C. Lynch, of Boston, Mass., who resides at the "Hub" with his pleasant family, who are favorably remembered by many of our citizens, especially those of Cameron, renews his subscription to the PRESS and says: "We are always eager to get the PRESS and note the changes at "home," my wife and I having passed our childhood days in Emporium and surrounding towns. We feel more at home in that locality than elsewhere and, of course, we take a keen interest in what's going on in Cameron county.

Ed Blinzler's son who has been quite ill for a few days is rapidly recovering.

Mrs. W. H. Howard and children, returned from Atlantic City last Saturday.

Chas. Neistrom is rejoicing over the arrival of that boy at his home yesterday.

Mrs. E C. Davison and daughter, Miss Mary, visited at Pittsburg the past week.

Mrs. Josiah Howard and daughter Dorthy, returned from Atlantic City on Monday.

County Commissioners Gaskill, Vogt and Mason returned this morning from Atlantic City.

Miss Carrie Huff, succeeds Miss Anna Cleary in the post office, to take effect September 1st.

Mrs. Zarps of the east ward, who has been quite ill for the past week or two, is much improved.

Mrs. E C. Day and sisters, of Buffalo, visited their many Emporium friends several days last week.

Rev. Robertson leaves this week to visit his family, who are spending the summer months in New York state.

Mrs. John Gleason and Miss Mattie Collins, of Driftwood, visited friends in town on Tuesday, guests at Warner House.

Mrs. Frank Shives, whose elbow was so terribly injured by a fall from the second story of her residence four weeks ago, last Sunday, is doing very nicely and is feeling greatly encouraged.

Chas. F. Mankey and family will move to Camden, N. J., about the middle of Sept., where Mr. Mankey has been engaged in business for some time. They are negotiating the sale of their property.

Mrs. Charles, Clark, who was taken to Buffalo about two weeks ago, while in a very critical condition, and placed by Dr. Bardwell in the "Buffalo Woman's Hospital," is reported as rapidly improving. Mr. Charles Clark is a brother of our well known and esteemed townsman, Robert Clark.

A freight wreck occurred at Beechwood on Monday, eight cars being wrecked, delaying Day Express an hour.

Business men have learned that advertising creates business. Thus a wholesale dealer in fond writes: "To stop advertising in this age is like taking out your telephone—you have no way of telling people about your goods, so you do not get the trade. Nor does the other fellow get it.—there is no trade. People simply do with less to eat. Advertising educates them to buy the best."—Philadelphia Record.

A Pennsylvania editor is responsible for this: "If you are fool enough to bite at a proposition which proposes on its face to give you something for nothing, you deserve to get stuck, as you most surely will, and yet ten such suckers can be found in every civil township in the country. If you are one of the ten, don't solicit sympathy when you get pinched, but take your medicine and profit by the experience."

A Somerset county man, who has been divorced, advertised for a wife recently. He said he wanted a "beautiful, accomplished, true and honest woman," and that none other need apply. The woman from whom he had been divorced for five years made application for the job. The man thought it over and the result was a re-marriage. What do you think of that?—Ex.

Dairy and Food Commisioner Cope last spring issued a notice to all dealers in meats throughout the State that after August 1st, they must not sell any meats that are treated with preservatives of any character, the Supreme Court having decided that these meats are prohibited under the pure food law. Mr. Cope sent a circular letter to all of his agents in the State, notifying them to secure samples of meats of all kinds and send them in for analysis, and not to fear or favor any dealer. If the meats are found to be treated with preservaline the dealers will be prosecuted at once. It is a wholesale raid on the embalmed meat sellers.

Allegheny College.

Founded in 1815. Good Traditions. Strong Faculty. Unsurpassed Location. Reasonable Expenses. New Observatory, New Chapel, New Library, New Professorships and largely increased Endowment. Fall Term Opens September 16th. For Catalogue write to President Crawford, Meadville, Pa.

If for no other reason, the September Woman's Home Companion would be notable for two features. In "The Real Stringtown on the Pike" the scene and the people of Mr. Lloyd's. The other great feature tells of recent excavations in Bible lands. It throws some new and startling light on Biblical history. Besides these there is a timely article by Mrs. Walter Camp on "Outdoor Sports in Girls' Colleges" and a symposium by well-known educators on "Should the Girl Go to College?" The fiction for the month includes stories by Cyrus Townsend Brady, Stanley Waterloo, Zoe Anderson Norris and Hermon Lee Ensign, whose animal stories have attained a wide popularity. Miss Gould's fashion articles and the departments devoted to cooking and household matters make up a number of unusual interest. Published by The Crowell Publishing Co., Springfield, Ohio; one dollar a year; ten cents a copy, sample copy free.

SHAW'S PURE MALT—Exhilarates and does not poison, that's why Doctors drink it. It is good for sick and old, and excellent for young and well.
Sold By
36-47-ly F. X. BLUMLE.

Letter to Frank Shives.

Emporium, Pa.

Dear Sir: If you buy paint by the gallon, look out for short measure. There are great business founded on ten per cent short. It is queer that a man or concern'll expose his or its nakedness so; but he does, and it does. Look out.

But that isn't all to look out for. Some give full measure and cheat in the quality. What do you paint for, the looks? or to keep your house from rotting? Both, of course.

A big hotel-man painted Devoe eight years ago; was going to paint it again—eight years is a good long time for a hotel, you know—struck a bargain; saved five cents a gallon, and missed Devoe.

Poor fellow! There isn't an oz. of lead in his paint—we don't know how good or bad it is; but there isn't any lead in it.

80 F. W. DEVOE & Co.

P. S.—Murry & Coppersmith sell our paint.

Dysentery Cured Without the Aid of a Doctor.

"I am just up from a hard spell of the flux" (dysentery) says Mr. T. A. Pinner, a well known merchant of Drummond, Tenn. "I used one small bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and was cured without having a doctor. I consider it the best cholera medicine in the world." There is no need of employing a doctor when this remedy is used, for no doctor can prescribe a better medicine for bowel complaint in form either for children or adults. It never fails and is pleasant to take. For sale by L. Taggart.

NOTICE OF EXECUTRIX.

Estate of HULDAH C. GENUNG, Deceased.

LETTERS Testamentary on the Estate of Huldah C. Genung, late of Emporium Borough, Cameron county, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to Hannah Eliza Sebring, residing in said Borough, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims and demands, will make known the same without delay.

HANNAH ELIZA SEBRING, Executrix.
GREEN & SHAFFER, Solicitors.
Emporium, Pa., August 23rd, 1902. 27-6t.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of CATHERINE BEERS, Deceased.

LETTERS Testamentary to the Estate of Catherine Beers, late of Volusia County, Florida, deceased, having been granted to Joshua Pitt Felt, residing in the Borough of Emporium, County of Cameron and State of Pennsylvania, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands, will make known the same without delay. JOSHUA PITT FELT.
GREEN & SHAFFER, Solicitors,
Emporium, Pa., Aug. 18th, 1902. 26-6t

Consult Your Interests.

AND SAVE BIG MONEY BY ORDERING NOW

YOUR FALL SUIT

AT

R. SEGER & COMPANY'S.

We handle nothing but the very best fabrics and on this together with first-class fit and workmanship we have built up the large patronage we enjoy.
Come in and see us.

R. SEGER & CO.

Opposite M. E. Church.

Fobert The Tailor

Our FALL AND WINTER WOOLENS have Arrived.

For

Men's Wear

We offer all the

Newest Fabrics

Including BLACK and WHITE goods, CORONATION CLOTHS and the SCOTCH effects.

We also have our usual strong line of

STANDARD GOODS.

All Work Guaranteed

J. L. FOBERT,

Emporium, Pa.

DAY'S

THE SATISFACTORY STORE.

As temperature runs high we don't let our stock of Picnic Specialties run low.

A visit to our store will help you wonderfully, in planning for that day's outing.

Are you taking advantage of the special sales we are offering? If not you'r the loser.

Selling list for

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

This week.

35C	Jelly Glasses, doz. Large size.	30C
10C	Package Baking Soda	6C
15C	Bottle Queen Olives,	12C
25C	Coffee our "Ja-ma-ka" Guaranteed to please.	20C
	Full Cream Cheese, Lb. -	13C
	Best Granulated Sugar, lb. 25 lb. bag, $1.40.	6C

PEACHES. We are watching the market for something desirable, at figures that can be afforded for canning purposes, but so far have found nothing, though we hope to secure some within the next week. Keep watch.

PEARS. New York state Bartlets, in about a week.

Phone 6. J. H. DAY

Midsummer Sale

SHIRT WAISTS.

To-day we shall begin a most interesting sale of Woman's Shirt Waists. The waists are all well made and of excellent quality. We have decided to close out our line at a wonderful sacrifice and will sell all our remaining stock at 25c and 50c the waist. Worth double the money. Come and see this money saving event of the season.

STRAW HATS.

We have a large line of straw hats and our prices cannot be beat for lowness.

RAINY-DAY SKIRTS.

Our stock is comprised of all the latest styles and of best quality of goods in the market. Prices very low.
We also have a nice line of muslin underwear.

FLOOR COVERINGS.

Carpets, Mattings, Linoleums and Oilcloths, the largest assortment in this section. Prices very reasonable.

M. C. TULIS.

SPRING HAS COME

As spring opens everyone desires to have something fresh from their own garden as early as possible and

FRANK SHIVES'

is the very place to buy the best seeds of all kinds, both early and late varieties.

A full line of choice Clover, Timothy, Orchard Grass, Red Top and Lawn Grass in season. Also Millet and Hungarian Grass. Then his choice Hams, Bacon, Fresh Meat and Eggs deserve your attention. A few words about our Groceries and staple articles will not be out of place. Our Coffees and Teas can be relied on as always fresh. Sugars and Spices that will always please the thrifty housekeeper, while Canned Goods in every variety are presented for you to choose from. The freshest goods always to be found here. Prices reasonable and quality the best. Sole agent for Pillsbury flour, which is known the world over as the best.

FRANK SHIVES.

MIXED IN TWO MINUTES.

1 GL. L. & M. PAINT AT - -	$1.70
1 GL. PURE LINSEED OIL AT 75c. -	.56
MAKES 1¾ GALLONS FOR - - -	$2.26

Longman and Martinez PAINTS.

Actual Cost $1.29 Per Gallon. Any buliding not satisfactorily painted will be repainted at our expense. 27 years of sale.

Sole Agent,

H. S. LLOYD.

GRANDMA'S RIDE TO SCHOOL.

Still in memory's cluttered garret hangs a painting, rich and rare,
Of a romping lad and lassie, and an old gray, gentle mare,
That recalls the scenes of childhood—summer mornings soft and cool—
And the unforgotten pleasure when your grandma went to school.

Life another song was singing, both our hearts were blithe and gay;
And whenever, bright and early, I would call for her, she'd say,
With a smile of satisfaction: "Bill, I'm sure you're very kind"—
Then away we'd canter slowly—she in front and I behind—

Over meadows clover-clustered, down the long, leaf-laden lane,
On the ancient county turnpike, on the hot and dusty plain,
Through the midway pool, where, somehow, she'd seem overcome with fright,
And I'd tell her not to worry, but to "grab and hold me tight!"

How our voices rang with gladness, how our laughter mocked the birds,
How the love that lit our fancies seemed too deep for empty words!
How the other boys, in envy, lured me on to break each rule,
Just to know the trancing joy I felt when grandma went to school!

Father Time, turn back your pages! change these silver locks to gold!
Let me live once more the love-life of those dear, dead days of old!—
Not these dim, delusive day-dreams—dreams too beautiful to last,
When the heart is painting pictures of the pleasures that have passed—

Just to see her, trim and dainty, in her little gingham gown,
Just to hold her hand in mine, as then, and read her eyes of brown,
Just to hear her say she loved me, and to answer her caress
With a something less than Heaven, perhaps, but something more than "yes."

How that old emotion haunts me! How I thrill at thought of it!
How I feel a youthful flutter, as her fairy features flit
Through the softly swaying shadows, where the locust blossoms wave,
Through the moonlight of my memory—just a shadow from the grave!

Ah! the old gray mare is waiting, and the morning sun is high,
And the schoolhouse bell is ringing, from the belfry in the sky,
And I see the same old turnpike, meadow, plain, and midway pool—
As my fancy calls her back from Heaven to ride with me to school.

—Robert Mackay, in Success.

A Knave of Conscience

By FRANCIS LYNDE.

(Copyright 1900, by Francis Lynde.)

CHAPTER III.

Two days after the Adelantado cleared for the banana coast; or, to be more accurate, in the forenoon of the second day, the unimpetuous routine of the business quarter of New Orleans was rudely disturbed by the shock of a genuine sensation.

At ten o'clock, Mr. Galbraith, president of the Bayou state bank, entered his private office in the rear of the main banking apartment, opened his desk, and addressed himself to the business of the day. Punctually at ten-five the stenographer, whose desk was in the anteroom, brought in the mail; five minutes later the cashier entered for his morning conference with his superior; and at half-past the hour the president was left alone to read his correspondence.

Mr. Galbraith was a serious-minded man whose hobby was method; and it was his custom to give himself a quiet half-hour of inviolable seclusion each morning in which to read and consider his letters. During this interval the stenographer, acting as usher, was instructed to deny his chief to callers of whatsoever degree. Wherefore, when the door of the private office opened at twenty minutes of eleven to admit a stranger, the president was justly annoyed.

"Well, sir?" he said, with an accent irritant, taking the intruder's measure in a swift glance shot beneath his bushy white eyebrows.

The visitor was a young man not over thirty, of prepossessing appearance, with a figure rather slight for his stature; fair, with blue eyes, and a curling brown beard and mustache, the former trimmed to a point. So much the president was able to remark at a glance, and to remember afterwards.

"Well, sir!" he repeated, when the stranger stopped to carefully close the door, "if you have business with me, I shall have to ask you to excuse me for a few minutes. Be good enough to take a seat in the ante-room till I ring. McFarland should have told you."

The young man drew up a chair and sat down, ignoring the request as if he had not heard it. Now Mr. Andrew Galbraith's temper was ordinarily the temper of an elderly gentleman with a long upper lip, worn clean shaven, but such a deliberate infraction of his rules was not to be borne patiently, and he got up to ring for the janitor. But when his hand sought the bell-push, he found himself looking into the muzzle of a revolver in the hands of the intruder, and so was fain to fall back into his chair, gasping:

"Wha—what do you mean, sir! Who are you and what do you want?" he stammered.

The reply was most succinct and to the point.

"I am a poor man, and I want money. If you call for help, I shall shoot you."

"You would murder me?" The president's hands were clutching the arms of the chair, and he was fighting desperately for courage and presence of mind in his extremity.

"Not willingly, I assure you; but most certainly, if you attempt to give the alarm. But there is no occasion for needless anxiety. It is merely a question of money, and if you are amenable to reason your life is not in danger."

"If I'm—but I'm not amenable to your reasons, sir!" exclaimed the president, recovering somewhat from the first shock of terrified bewilderment. "I refuse to listen to them. I'll not have anything to do with you. Go away."

The young man smiled in a way to show his teeth.

"Keep your temper, Mr. Galbraith," he said, coolly. "I say you shall listen first and obey afterward. Otherwise you die. Which is it to be? Choose quickly—time is precious."

The president yielded the first point, but ungraciously, as one under strict compulsion.

"Well, well, then; out with it. What have you to say for yourself?"

"This. You are rich; you represent the existing order of things. I am poor, and I stand for my necessity, which is above any man-made law or custom. You have more money than you know what to do with; I have not enough to buy the next meal, which is already twenty-four hours overdue. I came here this morning with my life in my hand to invite you to share with me a portion of that which is yours only by the right of possession. If you do it, well and good; if not, you die. Do I make myself sufficiently clear?"

The president glanced furtively at the clock. It was nearly eleven, and M'Farland would surely come in on the stroke of the hour. If he could only gain a little time. He searched in his pockets and drew forth a handful of coin.

"You say you are hungry; well, I'm not that well off that I canna remember the time when I knew what it was to be on short commons mysel'," he said; and the relapse into the mother idiom was a measure of his perturbation. "Take this now, and be off with you."

The younger man glanced at the clock in his turn and shook his head.

"You are merely trying to gain time, and it won't do. My stake in this game is more than a handful of silver; and I don't do you the injustice to suppose that you hold your life so cheaply—you who have so much silver and gold and so few years to live."

The president put the little heap of coins on the desk, but he did not abandon the struggle for delay.

"What's your price, then?" he demanded, as one who is willing to compromise.

"One hundred thousand dollars—in money."

"But, man! you're clean daft! Do ye think I have—"

"I am not here to argue the possibilities,"—the interruption was sharp and incisive. "Take your pen and write out a check payable to your own order for one hundred thousand dollars, and do it now! If that door opens before we have concluded, you are a dead man!"

Then Andrew Galbraith saw that his end was nigh, and gathered himself for a final effort at time-killing. It was absurd; he had no such balance to his credit; such a check would not be honored; it would ruin him irretrievably. In the midst of his vehement protest the stranger stepped back a pace and raised the weapon.

"I tell you you are trifling with your life! Do it while there is yet time!"

The sound of subdued voices came from the anteroom, and the beleaguered old man stole a glance at the face of his persecutor. There was no mercy in the fierce blue eyes glaring down upon him, but rather madness and fell murder. The summons came once again.

"Do it quickly, I say, before we are interrupted. Do you hear?"

Truly, the president both heard and understood, but he hesitated yet one other second.

"You will not? Then may God have mercy—"

The hammer of the leveled pistol clicked twice. Andrew Galbraith shut his eyes and made a blind grasp for

HE ASKED THE WAITER CONCERNING THE UPROAR.

pen and check-book. His hands were shaking as with a palsy, but the fear of death steadied them suddenly when he came to write.

"Indorse it!" was the next command. The voices had ceased in the anteroom, and the silence was broken only by the labored strokes of the president's pen and the tap-tap of the typewriter in the anteroom.

"Now come with me to your paying teller and get me the money. Make what explanation you see fit; but remember that if he hesitates you die."

They left the private office together, side by side; the young man with his right hand under his coat. The president breathed a little freer when they reached the lobby of the main apartment and was not without hope that chance might still intervene to save him.

It did not. There were but few customers in the bank at that hour, and the president tried in vain to catch a responsive eye.

At the paying teller's window there was only one person instead of the group which Andrew Galbraith had hoped to find there; a young woman who was getting a draft cashed. She saw them and would have stood aside, but the robber forbade it with a gesture, and they waited for a few trying moments until she was served.

When the young woman went her way the president stepped to the window and presented the check. Up to that instant he had clung desperately to the hope that some fortunate happening would forestall the catastrophe; now he was determined to give the teller a warning signal, come what might. But on the pinnacle of resolution the robber came closer, and Andrew Galbraith felt the pressure of the pistol muzzle against his side—nay, more; he fancied he could feel the cold chill of the metal strike through and through him.

"Give me currency for that, Johnson," he said, with what composure there was in him.

The teller glanced at the check and then at his superior, not too inquisitively, since it was not his duty to question the president's order.

"How will you have it?" he asked; and it was the younger man who answered.

"Three hundred in fives, tens and twenties, loose, if you please. The remainder in the largest denominations put up in a package."

It was done as he directed, and he followed the teller's count as methodically as if it had been the most commonplace of business transactions. When the money was handed him he stuffed the smaller bills carelessly into his pocket, put the package containing the ninety-nine thousand odd dollars under his arm, nodded to the president, backed away to the door and vanished.

Then it was that Andrew Galbraith suddenly found speech, opening his mouth and pouring forth a torrent of frenzied incoherence which presently got itself translated into a hue and cry; and New Orleans, the unimpetuous, had its sensation ready made.

CHAPTER IV.

If Kenneth Griswold had been neither more nor less than a professional highwayman he would probably have been taken and jailed within the hour, inasmuch as his cast for fortune included no well wrought out plan of escape. But since he was both wiser and less cunning than the journeyman bank robber, and was, moreover, a hungry enthusiast who had argued himself into the belief that his act was merely illegal and not wrong, he threw the police off the scent by doing that which no criminal would have had the nerve to do.

Once safely in the street, with the package of bank notes under his arm, he was moved to do some extravagant thing celebrative of his success. It had proved to be such a simple matter, after all; one bold stroke; a small bloodless tussle with the plutocratic dragon whose hold upon his prey is so easily broken; and presto! the hungry proletary is himself a power in the land, strong to do good or evil as the gods may direct.

This was the prompting to levitation as it might have been set in words; but in Griswold's thought it was but a swift suggestion, followed immediately by another which was much more to the purpose. He was hungry; there was a restaurant next door to the bank. Without a thought of the risk he ran, or of the audacious subtlety of such an expedient at such a critical moment, he went in, sat down at one of the small tables and calmly ordered breakfast.

Now, hunger is a lusty special pleader, and it will make itself heard above any pulpit drum of the higher faculties; hence Griswold thought less of what he had done than of what he was about to eat, until the hue and cry reminded him that the chase had begun. Whereupon, not to be suspiciously incurious, he put on the mask of innocence and asked the waiter concerning the uproar.

The man did not know what had happened, but he would go and find out if M'sieu' so desired "M'sieu'" said breakfast first and information afterward, by all means. Both came in due season, and Griswold ate while he listened.

Transmuted into the Creole-English of the serving-man, the story of the robbery lost nothing in its sensational features.

"Ha! W'at you t'ink, M'sieu'? De bank nex' do' is been rob!" and upon this theme excited volubility descants at large. The bank was surrounded by a gang of desperate men and every exit guarded while the leader, a masked giant, armed to the teeth, had compelled the president at the muzzle of a pistol to pay a ransom of fifty—one hundred—five hundred thousand dollars. With the money the gang had vanished, the masked giant firing the pistol at M'sieu' the president as he went. Cross-examined, the waiter could not affirm positively as to the shot. But as for the rest there could be no doubt.

Griswold ordered a second cup of coffee, and while the waiter tarried, conscience—not the enlightened conscience, but the conventional—bent its bow and sped its final arrow. It was suddenly brought home to the enthusiast with sharp emphasis that to all civilized mankind, save and excepting only those few chosen ones who shared his peculiar convictions, he was a common thief, a robber, an outlaw.

Public opinion, potential or expressed, is at best but an intangible thing; but for a few seconds Griswold writhed under the ban of it as if it had been a whip of scorpions. Then he smiled to think how strong are the bonds of custom, and conscience flung away its empty quiver. None the less, the enthusiast was rather thankful for the chastening. It served to remind him afresh of his mission. This money which he had just wrested from the plutocratic dragon should be held as a sacred trust; it should be devoted scrupulously to the cause of the oppressed. Just how it was to be applied he had not yet determined, but that could be decided later.

Meanwhile it was very evident that the dragon did not intend to accept defeat without a struggle, and Griswold set his wits at work upon the problem of escape.

"It's a little queer that I hadn't thought of that part of it," he mused. "I suppose the other fellow, the real robber, would have figured himself safely out of it—or would have thought he had—before he made a move. As I didn't, I've got to do it now, and there isn't much time to throw away. Let me see—" he shut his eyes and went into the inventive trance beloved of the literary craftsman—"the keynote must be originality. I must do something that the other fellow wouldn't think of doing."

He dallied with the second cup of coffee and outlined a plan, basing it upon a further cross-questioning of the waiter. The man had been to the door again, and by this time the street excitement had subsided sufficiently to approach the truth. The rumor of an armed gang guarding the bank doors had been a canard. There had been but one man, and the street gossips were beginning to describe him with discomforting accuracy.

Griswold paid his score and went out with studied nonchalence. He reasoned that, notwithstanding the growing accuracy of the street report, he was in no immediate danger so long as he remained in the immediate vicinity of the bank. It was safe to assume that this was one of the things that the journeyman bank robber would not do. But it was also evident that he must speedily lose his identity if he hoped to escape; and that the lost identity must leave no trace behind it.

[To Be Continued.]

NOT A DISAPPOINTMENT.

The Haunting Fear of a Fair Maid's Mother Regarding Young Daniel Webster.

"Pumpkin pie and professors plenty; wheat and poetry a good deal blasted; girls and gingerbread as sweet as ever," wrote Daniel Webster gaily in one of his youthful letters to a friend, says Youth's Companion.

Indeed, it is well known that he was by no means a serious or insusceptible youth, however awe-inspiring in his maturity, for in his early writings law, finance and politics are diversified by a series of charming Nabbys, Fannys and Sallies, upon whose ways and witcheries he expatiated or jested in fickle succession to his young correspondents.

He seems also to have been popular with the young ladies themselves and their mammas; but a tradition exists of one sharp old lady, the aunt of a very pretty girl to whom young Daniel had paid some attention, who did not at all approve of him. Her objection has been handed down among her descendents as a cherished family anecdote.

"If that young Webster ever turns out to be all he looks like, he will be somebody very much greater than it's likely he is," she was wont to say; "but it our Lyddy should marry him in hopes, and he just stayed like other folks, why, it wouldn't be fair to blame the boy, I suppose, but he'd be a disapp'intment; yes, he certainly would be a disapp'intment!"

The fair Lydia, however, was only one of many transient fascinators. She remained heart-whole and unambitious, and suffered no "disapp'intment"—not even in the fact that Daniel Webster never gave her the opportunity to refuse him.

A Wafir Moralist.

The following is an extract from a letter in the Bloemfontein Post, signed "J. G. Mohafi." "Proper Kafir beer is our own food, and the beer that makes the black people drunk is stuff that is mixed with spirits of wine and other kinds of rubbish. How can we walk in the narrow path if some dishonest brothers spoil. Sir, if you drink proper Kafir beer you will never get drunk. No, not even if you drink till you busty. I have before written The Post and pointed out to my brothers that they must not drink rubbish, otherwise they will go off the narrow path and land in the prison cells; I nearly was in the broad path not to clean my yard once a time; and my advice is still the same, viz., drink good beer and keep your back yard clean; I am an educated native, and I am a teacher in my spare time, and I do my duty by teaching the young to drink pure, unmixed beer, even at my tea parties. I use my influence."—London Mail.

Cat Objected to Immersion.

Rev. Cyrus Townsend Brady tells a story of a little boy he knew on the frontier, who belonged to a family who had trained him to believe in the deep water form of baptism, and was experimenting with the household cat and a bucket of water. The animal evidently did not believe in immersion, for she resisted, bit and scratched, until finally the little boy, with his hands covered with scratches, and with tears in his eyes, gave up the effort to effect the regeneration of the cat. "Dog gone you," he cried, "go and be an Episcopal cat, if you want to."—Detroit Free Press.

His Opinion.

City Tourist—Is this the road to Sunny Dale?

Old Inhabitant—It has been for the last 50 years, and I guess it is yet.—Indianapolis News.

PUZZLE PICTURE.

"HAVE YOU FED THE CHICKENS?" TO WHOM IS SHE SPEAKING?

WOMEN TO BE BARRED.

New York Stock Brokers Start a Movement to Exclude Them from Offices.

There is a movement among brokers in New York to exclude women from their business houses and to deny them the privilege of speculating in stocks. Femininity, they say, has been given a fair chance to show its adaptability in "the street," and has failed miserably, reports the New York Times.

For a long time many brokers have considered women undesirable patrons for a multitude of reasons. Of late the opposition has crystallized, and several prominent firms have taken a bold, determined stand to ostracise those members of the fair sex whose gaming instinct and desire to get rich quick prompt them to speculate on the markets.

The following is a copy of a letter sent out by a well-known firm of stock brokers. It shows plainly the attitude of brokers, and it is not unlike letters that have been sent out recently by other firms:

"Mrs. —.

Dear Madam: We regret to inform you that in future we shall be unable to afford you the privilege of calling at our office on Blank street. We find that * * * some of our best customers consider it undignified for women to frequent brokers' offices, and for that reason beg to ask that in future you will kindly communicate with us only by letter or telephone. In this matter we have used no discrimination. Every woman who has an account or who has done business with us will receive similar notice by the same mail. Yours very truly,

"Stock Brokers, — Broadway."

"A woman is a nuisance anywhere outside of her own home," said a well-known reputable stock broker to a reporter who called on him at his office in a lower Broadway skyscraper the other day.

"In the first place, a broker's office is no place for a woman. The average woman knows little about brokerage. Business instinct is not innate in the woman, ordinarily speaking, and, worse than that, she can't learn. Tell her all you know about stocks and market conditions and practices, and the next day she will ask you the same thing again.

"Another thing: The woman who desires to trade in stocks, knowing nothing of them or the business, wants the broker to become her confidant, to tell just where and when to buy or sell. If she makes something out of an investment made on a broker's advice, she gloats over her shrewdness 'on the street,' and the broker gets no credit whatever. Should she lose, and every broker must go wrong in predictions once in awhile, then there's the devil to pay."

Brokers say that a woman does not seem to be able to realize that there is a possibility of losing in speculating in stocks. Therefore she is what a gambler would call a "bad loser." Of course, there is an occasional woman who knows the market and its sinuosities, and is as "game" as any man on the street. But she is mighty scarce. The ordinary woman speculator and trader makes an awful fuss when she makes a losing investment.

Sometimes the spectacle is ludicrous in the extreme, but more frequently it is a sad one. Many women with the gaming instinct, who, besides seeking the excitement attendant upon the speculation, hope to get wealthy in a few days, go into it when the money they stake is needed for the necessaries of life for themselves and their families. The result of the failure in the latter instance is pitiable. To the broker it is nerve-racking.

GOOD ENOUGH REASON.

Why There Was No Conversation Between the Witness and Mr. Billings.

"Your honor," said the solicitor for the defense, relates Tit-Bits, "I wish to prove by this question that the witness is a man of quarrelsome disposition, hard to get along with, and on bad terms with his neighbors. Now, sir," he continued, turning again to the witness, "I'd like to know whose farm is next to yours?"

"Well," answered the witness, "there is the Billings' farm, and the—"

"Stop there. One at a time. Are you on friendly terms with Mr. Billings?"

"I can't say I am."

"Are you even on speaking terms with him?"

"No, sir."

"Whose fault is it?"

"It's his fault, I reckon."

"Oh, yes; it's his fault, you reckon. How long has it been since you have spoken to him?"

"About 14 years, as near as I can remember."

"Now, sir, I want you to tell this jury why you have not spoken to Mr. Billings for 14 years."

"Gentlemen," said the witness, turning to the jury, "the reason why I haven't spoken to Mr. Billings for 14 years is because that's about the length of time he's been dead."

Between Friends.

"No, Mr. Dudleigh," said the beautiful girl with the old-rose hair, "I can never be your wife, but I shall always be your friend."

"Then before I go," rejoined the young man as he calmly lit a paper-covered coffin nail, "I have one last word to say to you as a friend."

"What is it?" she asked after the manner of the curious sex.

"It is this," he replied. "I think you have stacked the cards against yourself in this game. You lose by winning, while I win by losing."—Chicago Daily News.

Just a Little Hint.

"Your father doesn't seem to regard me very favorably," remarked Cholly. "Does he think I'm too dashing?"

"No," wearily replied the girl who was already in her third season. "He thinks you are too slow."—Chicago Post.

For Social Betterment---The Cafe

By DR. DAVID BLAUSTEIN,
Superintendent of the Educational Alliance, New York.

One does not think of the cafe as a force for social, moral or intellectual advancement. Nevertheless, on the East side in New York it does much good.

During the day the East Side Cafe is a restaurant pure and simple. After ten o'clock in the evening and until two in the morning its character is changed. Then the workingman is finishing his evening stroll; the professional man seeks relaxation; the people are returning home from the theater or from visiting friends. Clerks and storekeepers have finished the day's business. All enter the cafe, where they are sure to meet friends, and there over steaming glasses of Russian tea and the fragrance of Russian cigarettes enter into spirited discussions upon topics of interest, philosophic, religious, scientific, economic, dramatic, literary, aesthetic.

The cafe is more than a club; IT IS A FORUM. There is no clash of cults. Quite the contrary. Different cafes become the headquarters for men of like tastes and sympathies. So in one are to be found artists; in another socialists; in another musicians.

In intellectual stimulus the cafe may be likened to the club. Its convivial atmosphere and lack of restraint gives breadth to the thought, vividness to the imagination, brilliancy to the expression. THUS, THE CAFE IS BY FAR THE MOST POTENT SOCIAL AND INTELLECTUAL INFLUENCE ON THE EAST SIDE.

WOMAN AND HOME

WALKING FOR BEAUTY.

Pedestrianism Is the Best Form of Physical Exercise a Woman Can Indulge In.

Physicians of the best reputation, who have closely studied the matter, unhesitatingly assert that walking is the best exercise a woman can engage in for the development of her physical charms. The woman who is in the habit of taking the street cars for every three blocks she wishes to travel is the one who has a bad complexion and complains of growing stout. She will tell you that her spine troubles her, that her feet are rheumatic, that she cannot walk—positively must not do so.

If you are among that number say nothing but get to work and walk. Take a walk every day, give up the street car habit unless you have some real riding to do or time is an object, and every day walk a little farther.

An excellent thing is exercise and if you do not find walking agrees with you then take to the gymnasium. After you have tried all the physical culture exercises try the open air ones.

A delightful open air gymnasium is situated on the banks of the Susquehanna. It is in the ground of a great millionaire, who built it for one of his daughters, a girl who was delicate from girlhood. In the gymnasium there are high walls, but the inclosure is so great you do not feel as though hemmed in, yet there is privacy.

One day with her friends she plays as Diana of the chase. Taking a bow she pulls a stiff string and sends the arrows flying with all her strength. This is magnificent exercise for the lungs.—Chicago Chronicle.

QUEEN AMONG FLIRTS.

Grand Duchess Helene, of Russia, Who Is to Marry Prince Nicholas, of Greece.

The betrothed of Grand Duchess Helene, daughter of Grand Duke and Grand Duchess Vladimir, of Russia, to Prince Nicholas, of Greece, the third son of King George, is the most important royal engagement that has been announced in a long time. It gains a particular interest from the fact that the Russian princess and the Greek prince are both young, handsome, accomplished and general favorites.

Grand Duchess Helene Vladimir-Rovna, the only marriageable imperial princess in Russia, is perhaps the most beautiful woman of such degree in all Europe. She is only 20 years old, is highly accomplished, renowned for

GRAND DUCHESS HELENE.
(Said to Be the Prettiest Princess of the Russian Family.)

her wit, and is idolized by the Russian people.

Report has it that the princess has given the mitten to many a royal suitor and that she has broken many a royal heart. Certain it is that she has been sought by princes of many countries anxious to make alliance with the Romanoffs and at the same time get a lovely bride.

Now Prince Nicholas—a soldier in times of war, as he proved right well when Greece and Turkey fought, but a litterateur of no mean ability in the piping times of peace; young, handsome as a Greek god, albeit, he is merely a prince; a successful dramatist, an all-round good fellow—has brought the haughty princess to terms, and she has made a complete surrender.

Rumor had it once that Prince Nicholas and little Queen Wilhelmina of Holland were to be married, but nothing came of it, and since then he has been devoting himself to literature. One of his plays which he wrote anonymously, had a successful run in Athens. It was only when its success was assured that the prince acknowledged its authorship.

Many a story has been told of the flirtations of the grand duchess, and she has been made food for gossip throughout Europe, but, then, gossips don't always speak the exact truth.

Not many years ago she was declared betrothed to Prince Maximilian of Baden.

Next she was said to be engaged to Prince Louis Bonaparte, a general in the Russian army.

Then rumor had it that she had turned her attention to Grand Duke Michel, the czar's brother and heir to the Russian throne, but the laws of Russia forbade the marriage of cousins, and so that was off.

SOCIETY IS PLEASED.

New British Ambassador and His Wife to Receive a Cordial Welcome at Washington.

Unusual interest is manifested in diplomatic, official and social circles of Washington in the prospective arrival of the new British ambassador, Mr. Michael Henry Herbert, and his American wife, the daughter of Mr. Richard T. Wilson, of New York. It is not yet definitely known when they will arrive here and take possession of the embassy on Connecticut avenue, but the impression prevails that they will hardly come before the early fall. The custom has been to close the embassy during the summer. Lord Pauncefote, the

MRS. MICHAEL HENRY HERBERT.

late ambassador, usually spent the heated term at Newport.

Ambassador and Mrs. Herbert will undoubtedly receive a cordial welcome at the national capital whenever they come, as they both are well known in the city and have a legion of friends.

The determination to select Mr. Herbert as ambassador to the United States was reached after many consultations with those best fitted to voice an opinion in the matter. While nominally secretary to the British embassy at Paris, Mr. Herbert was really minister plenipotentiary to France, and as such he frequently acted in most important crises in the absence of Sir Edmund J. Monson, Great Britain's ambassador there.

Mr. Herbert's marriage with Leila, daughter of Richard T. Wilson, of New York, as a result of which he became closely related to the Vanderbilts, the Ogden Goelets and the Astors, will undoubtedly add to his usefulness as Great Britain's ambassador at Washington. Mr. Herbert's record at Washington as charge d'affaires from 1888 until 1889, and as secretary to the British legation here from 1892 to 1893, and his work as British agent on the Venezuelan commission, eminently fit him, so official belief inclines, for his new and important duties.

Mr. Herbert's recent position at Paris was somewhat curious, for, while holding the rank of full-fledged minister, he had to take second place whenever Sir Edmund J. Monson, the ambassador, was present.

Before the new ambassador at Washington takes up his duties the salary attached to the position will probably be put upon a par with the highest paid in Great Britain's diplomatic service, namely, that which is paid the ambassador at Paris, £9,000 a year.

TIDINESS IN THE HOME.

Wives and Husbands Should Always Make Themselves Attractive to Each Other.

A great mistake which married women often make is that of becoming very careless of their dress and general appearance in the house when company is not expected. The wives of men with a limited income are they who are most prone to err in this respect from a foolish idea that dowdiness means economy, but nothing is more fatal to the happiness of a family than the unfortunate notion that "anything does when we are alone—we must keep our finery for those occasions when we have visitors." Many a man is tempted to leave his home, tired of constantly meeting a shabby, untidy wife, and to seek amusement and gayety elsewhere. On their return from business, husbands or brothers like to see their wives or sisters looking fresh and neat and attractive. No extravagance need be indulged in—a blouse of some bright color, a clean collar, a bow of pretty ribbon, and the hair neatly and becomingly arranged, will make all the difference in the cheerfulness and attractiveness of the home. A child should be taught from an early age to be tidy and clean to meet its father; and those who are old enough to take their meals with their parents should never be allowed to come to the table until face and hands have been washed and hair brushed—boys as well as girls. They should also be taught that tidiness and politeness in their own family circle are even more important than when in the company of visitors or in another person's house. The husbands also should be careful to remove all traces of the dust and grime of the office or workshop, and pay a little attention to their toilet before taking their place at the table or fireside.—N. Y. Weekly.

Removing Stains from Linen.

Fruit stains may be removed from linen as follows: Tie up some cream of tartar in the stained part and let it boil in soapsuds for a few minutes. Then wash and rinse in clear water and the stain will be gone.

AGRICULTURAL HINTS.

MODERN PIGEON LOFT.

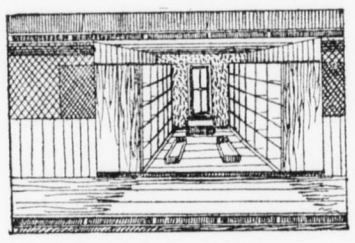
Description of an Interior Arrangement Which Makes Care of the Birds Very Easy.

When pigeons are to be kept in large numbers, it is quite important that the loft be arranged conveniently in order that the work of caring for the birds may be done quickly yet with the least disturbance to the pigeons.

When it becomes necessary to have several pens, the best way is to arrange them in line, with a three-foot aisle or walk at the back.

The arrangement of the rooms in which from 25 to 35 pairs of pigeons may be kept, is set forth in the accompanying drawing, and is so simple to understand that little need be added by way of explanation.

The rooms of the pigeon house are partitioned off with single boards, be-



PIGEON LOFT INTERIOR.

ing fastened to the floor and ceiling, thus avoiding frame work of any kind where the nest cabinets set.

Rooms may be made from 9 to 12 feet wide, the wider the better. They should not be over seven feet high, but could be from six and a half to seven and a half. They may be from eight and a half to twelve and a half feet deep, not including the aisle, when two feet are allowed for each nesting apartment.

The nest cabinets may cover the entire wall space up to five nests high, leaving a good roosting place 18 inches wide and the depths of the pen on each side of the room.

The pigeon holes to the fly-yard may be made just over each cabinet, as seen in the drawing, with but little danger of draft from any of the nests. One full window will furnish sufficient light for each pen.

There is plenty of room on the floor for the wet sink, water dish and two feed boxes. The aisle partition is made with the lower half of boards and the upper half of wire nettings. Built in this way the attendant may pass by the pens as rapidly as he wishes and not disturb the birds.

It is quite important that the birds those that swing either way would tendant is performing his daily work. In pens where one must pass through, it is necessary for one to go very slowly and quietly or the birds will rise and skip for the fly yards. The doors should be made to match the partitions and hung with spring hinges, those that swing either way would be best. By having the aisle one can use a push car or small wheelbarrow in cleaning out pens.—Farm Journal.

THE POULTRY BUSINESS.

Some Reasons Why None But a Many-Sided Man Can Make a Success of It.

The successful poultryman must be many-sided. Poultry raising is a complicated business and requires a good deal of knowledge of a good many things. This knowledge is not acquired in a day. Poultry diseases must be known to a very considerable extent, and this requires thought and study. The knowledge of the diseases must be supplemented by the knowledge of the best conditions to prevent them. The poultryman must be familiar with the chemical constituents of feeds and understand the balancing of rations. He must be able to distinguish the different breeds and should know something of the standards of perfection. His knowledge of all the experiments with poultry should be complete. No poultry book of value should be outside of his library. To possess himself of the knowledge obtainable by reading he must devote a good deal of time to this branch of his activity. Then he must be familiar with the markets and with the methods of men that buy fowls and eggs. Moreover he must have a large stock of information as to how to run an incubator. This is a hard thing to procure, as it requires much loss of time and material finding out what things are necesssary to be done to insure success. To these things must be added attention to innumerable details. Because the poultryman must be many-sided, many that attempt to be poultrymen fail. The man that goes into the poultry business should do so with his eyes open. He must expect to have to learn, and to learn one thing at a time. —Farmers' Review.

An Old Gander on Guard.

"Keep an old gander," says a writer in a gardening paper, "if you would protect young chicks from their enemies in the shape of dogs, cats, crows and magpies. The gentleman will be found of great use, shifting all objectionable characters with commendable promptness. Not only will intruders be smartly looked after, but the gander will make as much noise as possible while performing his duty, thus giving the poultry keeper and game rearer warning when all is not right."

RAISING BEEF CALVES.

At the End of Six Months They Should Be Ready for the Market at the Top Price.

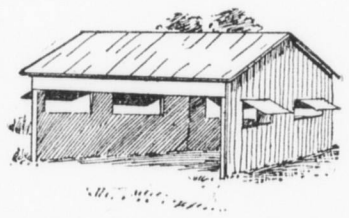
"In successfully growing calves I prefer an April calf of good beef stock," says a correspondent of the Indiana Farmer. "The mother should be well taken care of, fed on plenty of clover hay, ground corn and oats, mixed half and half. Let the calf have all the finest milk that it wants; then take it away from the cow and put it in a stable handy and where the cow can see it, if it is bad weather. If the weather is nice put the cow on a good pasture of rye, with the calf just over the fence at a straw shed or stack, where it can get the benefit of the sun. The calf should be turned to the cow morning, noon and night for the first two weeks; then the calf will eat if it is where it can get something green. There should be a small lot of rye fenced off for the calf, and that, with plenty of milk morning and night, will be all that is required for the next two weeks. Then the calf will be one month old. On May 1 there should be a patch of oats ready for the calf, with a box nailed up under a shed where the calf can go out of bad weather and eat a quart of ground oats and corn, equal parts, morning and night for the next month. Feed just after turning the cow out. During the third month, June, the calf should be treated the same as the second, except a little more ground feed, say one-half pint more. The fourth month it should have a patch of peas to run in, and the feed should be cut down to one quart morning and night. The fifth month the calf should have three pints of ground oats and corn and one of oil cake or flax-seed meal given just after being turned to the cow, with the pasture increased by letting run on a fresh rye patch. At the end of August it will be six months old, and should be ready for market at the top price for calves. I should have said at the end of two weeks the calf should be trimmed and dehorned if a horned calf, and during all this time the calf should have fresh, clean water where it can go and drink at will."

PROTECT YOUR STOCK.

No Farm Should Be Without a Well-Constructed Pasture or Paddock Shed.

Where cattle or other animals are kept in a pasture both day and night, there should be some protection provided against rainstorms and heavy showers. A shed well adapted to this purpose is shown in the accompanying illustration.

It is low, and has one side open. This open side should face the quarter from which cold rains are least likely to come, the direction varying in different parts of the country. No floor is required, thus saving much lumber. The numerous windows are provided with drop shutters, to be kept open as shown, thus



PASTURE OR PADDOCK SHED.

affording free entrance to air, but keeping out rain. If such a building were located near the other farm buildings, it would make an admirable winter shed for sheep, the windows being closed, or a winter storage place for farm machinery, the front being closed in with lapped boarding.

When such a building is located in the pasture, the cattle can be taught to come to it at night by giving an occasional feed of grain there. In this way they will have immediate shelter if a sudden shower occurs in the night. Moreover, much manure will thus be saved, which can be drawn away to the fields or piled up, rotted and spread evenly over the pasture land. As the manure is dropped by cattle in the pasture, it is of but little benefit to the soil, as it is all in one spot, killing the grass, and rendering unpalatable to cattle the rank grass that grows about its edges for several years thereafter. Sheep enrich the land they feed upon, but the manure dropped by cattle in a pasture is very largely wasted.—Country Gentleman.

The German Army Horse.

Prof. W. A. Henry: The German army horse often travels over 40 miles in a day, one-third of the distance being in a walk, trot and gallop respectively. This work means an expenditure of energy amounting to not less than 23,748,000 foot pounds, or a feedrequirement of 14.77 pounds, of digestible matter, including the food of support. The horses are fed on an average a ration consisting of only 5.5 pounds of hay, 11 pounds of oats and some cut straw. This ration contains only about 8.8 pounds of digestible components, and "it is therefore not hard to understand why the horses lose heavily in weight during the maneuvers, and that, when these are over, a large number of animals have to be disposed of, as not adapted for use in the military service; they are also unfit for almost any other work."

Fowls do not run together in large numbers. They will always divide into flocks of small size and will select different feeding grounds, always provided they have the opportunity.

"I SUFFERED TERRIBLY WITH FEMALE WEAKNESS;"

SAYS MRS. ESTHER M. MILNER.

"I Had the Headache Continually--Could Not Do My Work--Pe-ru-na Cured."

Mrs. Esther M. Milner, DeGraff, Ohio, writes:

"I was a terrible sufferer from female weakness and had the headache continually. I was not able to do my housework for my husband and myself. I wrote you and described my condition as near as possible. You recommended Peruna. I took four bottles and was completely cured. I think Peruna a wonderful medicine and have recommended it to my friends with best results."
---Mrs. E. M. Milner.

Miss Mamie Groth, Platteville, Wis., writes: "Accept a grateful girl's thanks for the wonderful help I have received through the use of Peruna. Although I looked well and strong I have for several years suffered with frequent backache and would for several days have splitting headaches. I did not wish to fill my system with poisonous drugs, and so when several of my friends advised me to take Peruna, I asked my physician what he thought of it. He recommended it and so I took it and am entirely without pain of any kind now." —Miss Mamie Groth.

Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, has had over fifty years experience in the treatment of female catarrhal diseases.

He advises women free of charge. If you are suffering from any female derangement write him a description of your symptoms and he will give you the benefit of his experience in the treatment of women's diseases.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

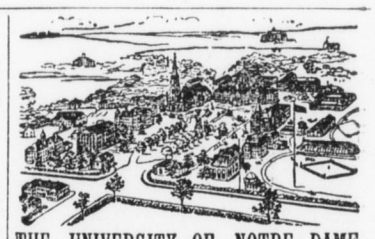
DAINTY SUMMER GIRLS USE CUTICURA SOAP assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands, for irritations of the skin, heat rashes, tan, sunburn, bites and stings of insects, lameness and soreness incidental to outdoor sports, for sanative, antiseptic cleansing, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery.

☞Much that all should know about the skin, scalp, and hair is told in the circular with CUTICURA SOAP.

CHURCHES SCHOOL HOUSES AND HOMES

must be decorated with ALABASTINE to insure health and permanent satisfaction. Write for free suggestions by our artists. Buy only in packages properly labeled "Alabastine."

ALABASTINE COMPANY, GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.



THE UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME,
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FULL COURSES IN Classics, Letters, Economics and History, Journalism, Art, Science, Pharmacy, Law, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Architecture.

Thorough Preparatory and Commercial Courses.

Rooms Free to all students who have completed the studies required for admission into the Junior or Senior Year of any of the Collegiate Courses.

Rooms to Rent, moderate charge to students over seventeen preparing for Collegiate Courses.

A limited number of Candidates for the Ecclesiastical state will be received at special rates.

St. Edward's Hall, for boys under 13 years, is unique in the completeness of its equipment.

The 50th Year will open September 9, 1902.

Catalogues Free. Address
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WEATHERWISE IS THE MAN WHO WEARS TOWER'S WATERPROOF OILED CLOTHING

A reputation extending over sixty-six years and our guarantee are back of every garment bearing the SIGN OF THE FISH. There are many imitations. Be sure of the name TOWER on the buttons. ON SALE EVERYWHERE. 64

A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS.

PAXTINE
TOILET ANTISEPTIC

FREE TO WOMEN.

We will mail Free Trial Treatment, with book of instructions, enough to convince you that Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic is unequalled for local treatment of woman's special ills. Its cleansing and healing power as a douche is wonderful. Quickly purifies bad breath and cleanses teeth and mouth perfectly. Sold by druggists or sent postpaid. 50 cents large box. Satisfaction guaranteed or money cheerfully returned.
Send 5 cents for postage and packing on large Trial Package—you won't be sorry.
The R. Paxton Co., Boston, Mass.

RUPTURE

GENUINE NEW YORK ELASTIC TRUSS

Single, $1.49; double, $2.98. Sent postpaid. Regular price, $5.00 and $10.00

HANSON TRUSS CO., 244 Sixth Ave., N.Y.

HAMLIN'S WIZARD OIL CUTS, WOUNDS
ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT

PILES ANAKESIS gives instant relief and POSITIVELY CURES PILES. For free sample address "ANAKESIS," Tribune building, New York.

A. N. K.—C 1931

FREE HENRY C. BLAIR'S TEETHING NECKLACE on trial. After 30 days' send it back or send 50 cents in stamps.

DON'T SUFFER
When You Can Buy a Bottle of
Mexican Mustang Liniment
For MAN OR BEAST

Adam,
Meldrum &
Anderson Co.
BUFFALO, N. Y.

Blankets.

41,150 blankets, the product of the largest and best mills in this country, are now on sale. They are the best values ever offered. We purchased them when the price of material was lowest and can afford to sell them at these low prices.

Cotton Fleece.
10-4 and 11-4 sizes.
Grey, white or tan.....40c
Extra size.....65c
Extra size and weight.....75c
Heavy fleece.....$1.00
Double size, heavy quality..$1.25
Extra 12-4 size.....$1.50
Unusual size, worth $1.50....$1.00

1,000 pairs fancy striped cotton blankets for bath gowns and robes, per pair.
65c, 75, 85c, $1 and $1.25.

Wool Blankets.
Grey wool, strong and durable for camping, a pair.....$2.50
11-4 size, winter weight, worth $5.00, special, a pair.....$3.25
Pure wool 10-4 and 11-4 homespun finish, hand twisted yarn, best value for
$3.50 and $4.25
Scarlet, all wool, fast color, cochineal dye,
$3.50 to $7.50 pair.
Heavy, white, winter weight worth $4 50 and $5.00, a pair.
$3.50 and $3.75

Fancy Plaid.
Black and white, red and black, pink and white, blue and white and fancy plaids—
$2.75 to 6.50.

California "Rose" Blankets.
The finest blankets made. We have picked up a bargain in a case of 50 pairs 12-4, made to sell at $12. We will sell them at
$7.50 a pair.

Special $5 Blankets.
Best value in the country. All reliable mills represented. All wool, white, grey and scarlet; cotton chain, white and grey. Special lamb's wool.

Adam.
Meldrum &
Anderson Co.
The American Block,
BUFFALO, N. Y

We
Have
What
You Need!

To brush up and make beautiful your home. The season of the year for such work has arrived and we would call the attention of the public to our very large and reliable line of Paints, Oils, Varnishes, the best in the world. In addition to the best paints, we have a first-class line of De Voe & Co.'s Brushes. Get a move on and be prepared to paint before the workmen are all engaged. We can save you money.

While you are painting your home or business place let us talk a little with you on Bath and Closets, Hot Water, Steam or anything in that line. Our increased facilities and expert workmen will do you good work. Don't deay until too late.

Farmers should bear in mind that we handle Plows, Harrows, Rakes, etc. In fact our Hardware, Stove and Plumbing Departments are up to the best.

Write or wire us, when a competent agent will call on you.

Murry & Coppersmith Co.

1/2 At one HALF THE COST
Lion Coffee
has better strength and flavor than many so-called "fancy" brands.
Bulk coffee at the same price is not to be compared with Lion in quality.
In 1 lb. air tight, sealed packages.

Evils of Antipyrine.

The use of antipyrine for the relief and cure of headaches has depressing influence on the heart, and causes a derangement of the kidneys. Krause's Headache Capsules contain no antipyrine, chloral, morphine or any injurious ingredient. They cure quickly and leave the head clear and cool. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart.

As a second Washington, Aguinaldo does not seem to have been a blooming success.

Physician and Druggists.

Ford & Sturgeon a prominent drug firm at Rocky Hill Station, Ky., write "We were requested by Dr. C. B. Snigley to send for Herbine for the benefit of our customers. We ordered three dozen in December, and we were glad to say, Herbine has given such great satisfaction that we have duplicated this order three times, and to-day we gave your salesman another order. We beg to say Dr. G. B. Snigley takes pleasure in recommending Herbine." 50c bottle at L. Taggart's.

While the coronation is still postponed the sale of the Panama continues as lively as ever.

Cured Paralysis.

W. S. Bailey, P. O. Prue, Texas, writes: "My wife had been suffering five years with paralysis in her arm, when I was persuaded to use Ballard's Snow Liniment, which cured her all right. I have also used it for old sores, frost bites, and skin eruptions. It does the work." 25c, 50c and $1.00 bottle at L. Taggart's.

The man who can elope with a street car is certainly a champion Lochinvar.

A Physician Healed.

Dr. Geo. Ewing, a practicing physician of Smith's Grove, Ky., for over thirty years, writes his personal experience with Foley's Kidney Cure: For years I had been greatly bothered with kidney and and bladder trouble and enlarged prostrate gland. I used everything known to the profession without relief, until I commenced to use Foley's Kidney Cure. After taking three bottles I was entirely relieved and cured. I prescribe it now daily in my practice and heartily recommend its use to all physicians for such troubles. I have prescribed it in hundreds of cases with perfect success. L. Taggart.

The lightning does not always strike the man who looks for it.

Many persons in this community are suffering from Kidney complaint who could avoid fatal results by using Foley's Kidney Cure.

Summer playgrounds are needed for others than the kids.

"I had diabetes in the worst form," writes Marian Lee of Dunreeth, Ind., "I tried eight physicians without relief. Only three bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure made me a well man.

Aguinaldo might get a job as press agent for Carmack.

Foley's Kidney Cure is a medicine free from poisons and will cure any cases of kidney disease that is not beyond the reach of medicine.

There may be war news frem Venezuela at any moment.

It Needs a Tonic.

There are times when your liver needs a tonic. Don't give purgatives that gripe and weaken. De Witt's Little Early Risers expel all poison from the system and as tonic to the liver. W. Scott, 531 Highland ave., Milton, Pa., says: "I have carried DeWitt's Little Early Risers with me for several years and would not be without them." Small and easy to take. Purely vegetable. They never gripe or distress. R. C. Dodson.

Handcuffs are cooler than the other sort these days.

His Sight Threatened.

"While picnicking last month my 11-year-old boy was poisoned by some weed or plant," says W. H. Dibble, of Sioux City, Ia. "He rubbed the poision off his hands into his eyes and for a while we were afraid he would lose his sight. Finally a neighbor recommended DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. The first application helped him and in a few days he was as well as ever," for skin diseases, cuts, burns, scalds, wounds, insect bites, DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is sure cure. Relieves piles at once. Beware of counterfeits. R. C. Dodson.

There are a good many wires in that telegraph war.

Cut this out and take it to L. Taggart's drug store and get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets the best physic. They cleanse and invigorate the stomach, improve the appetite and regulate the bowels. Regular size, 25c, per box.

Here is some timely information about the Panamas: The first Panama hat was made 275 years ago. Three to five months are required to make the finest hats. The greatest Panama the weaver ever known was one Palma. A Palma Panama hat worn by Napoleon III. cost 1,000 francs. The name Panama hat was given to the hats when Panama was the center of distribution for them. Manir is the more correct name for them.

Recently Dr. T. Meredith of Jamestown, removed the brain of a cow belonging to Perry D. Anderson, of Red House, the animal having been afflicted with what was believed to be rabies. Two days later the brain was sent to Dr. V. Moon, of Ithaca, who inoculated a rabbit from the diseased brain. A report has just been received by James P. Clark, assistant commissioner of agriculture to the effect that the rabbit died from paralytic rabies, giving what was considered obsolute proof of the accuracy of the diagnosis of the disease with which the cow was afflicted.

No Gloss Carriage Paint Made

Will wear as long as Devoe's. No others are as heavy bodied, because Devoe's weigh 3 to 8 ounces more to the pint. Sold by Murry & Coppersmith. B

EXCURSION NOTICES.

Reduced Rates to the West.

Commencing September 1st, and daily thereafter, until October 31st, 1902, the Wisconsin Central Ry. will sell Settlers' tickets from Chicago to points in Montana, Idaho, Oregon, Washington and British Columbia, at greatly reduced rates. For detailed information inquire of nearest Ticket Agent, or address W. H. Allen, D. P. A., 621 Park Bldg, Pittsburg, Pa., or Jas. C. Pond, General Passenger Agent, Milwaukee, Wis. 27-9t

Reduced Rates to Denver, Colorado Springs, and Pueblo.

On account of the meeting of the National Association of Letter Carriers, to be held at Denver, Col., September 1 to 6, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excrusion tickets to Denver, Colorado Springs, or Pueblo, Col., from all stations on its lines, at rate of single fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold and good going on August 29 to 31, and will be good to retnrn until September 30, inclusive. Tickets must be validated for return passage by Joint Agent at any of the above mentioned points, for which service a fee of 25 cents will be charged.

For specific rates and conditions, apply to ticket agents. 2473-26-2t.

Niagara Falls.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will run its remaining ten-day excursions to Niagara Falls from Washington and Baltimore on September 4 and 18, and October 2 and 16. A special train will leave Washington at 8 00 a. m., Baltimore 9.05 a. m., York 10.45 a. m., Harrisburg 11.40 a. m., Millersburg 12.20 p. m., Sunbury 12.58 p. m., Williamsport 2 30 p. m., Lock Haven 3.08 p. m., Renovo 3.55 p. m, Emporium Junction 5.05 p. m., arriving Niagara Falls at 9.35 p. m.

Excursion tickets, good for return passage on any regular train, exclusive of limited express trains, within ten days, will be sold at $10.00 from Washington and Baltimore; $9.35 from York; $10.00 from Littlestown; $10.00 from Oxford, Pa; $9.35 from Columbia; $8.50 from Harrisburg; $10.00 from Winchester, Va. $7.80 from Altoona; $7.40 from Tyrone; $6.45 from Bellefonte; $5.10 from Ridgway; $6.90 from Sunbury and Wilkesbarre; $5.75 from Williamsport; and at proportionate rates from principal points. A stop-over will be allowed at Buffalo within limit of ticket returning.

The special trains of pullman parlor cars and day coaches will be run with each excursion running through to Niagara Falls. An extra charge will be made for parlor-car seats.

An experienced tourist agent and chaperon will accompany each excursion.

Side-trip tickets will be sold from Niagara Falls to Toronto and return at rate of $1.00, affording an opportunity to visit the Toronto Fair to be held September 1 to 13.

For descriptive pamphlet, time of connecting trains, and further information apply to nearest ticket agent, or address Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. 2490 27-2t.

Niagara Falls and Toronto Fair.

On Tuesday, September 2, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will run a low-rate excursion to Niagara Falls and Toronto Fair.

Regular and special trains will be run on the schedules given below, and excursion tickets will be sold to Niagara Falls and Toronto at rates quoted:—

	Train leaves	Fare to Niagara	Fare to Toronto
Emporium	8.25	$2 50	$3 50
Emporium Jct.	8.30	2 50	3 50
Shippen	8.42	2 50	3 50
Buffalo	ar.12.40 p. m.		
Buffalo	lv.12.50		
Niagaaa Falls	ar.1.40		
Niagara Falls	lv,5.20		
Lewiston steamer	lv,5.45		
Toranto	ar.8.15		

Children, between five and twelve years of age, half fare.

Returning, special train will leave Niagara Falls 7.30 p. m., Buffalo 8.30 p. m. stopping at all stations between East Aurora, Fillmore, and Olean, September 3.

Niagara Falls tickets will be accept for passage going and returning on trains scheduled above. September 2, also returning by regular trains September 3,

Toronto tickets will be accepted for passage going on trains scheduled above September 2, and for return passage on all regular steamers and trains on or before September 6.

Five steamers leave Toronto daily except Sunday, via Niagara River Line, for Lewistown, where direct connections are made with New York Central and Hudson River Railroad trains for Niagara Falls and Buffalo. Toronto tickets will be good for stop-over at Niagara Falls and Buffalo on return passage within final imit. Tickets sold at above rates not good in Pullman sleeping or parlor cars.

Canada's Great Fair will be held at Toronta, September 1 to 13, with many new and attractive features. General admission, 25 cents. 2486-26-2t

A Emporium Woman Asks

"Have you a floor paint that will last two weeks?" Yes we have Devoe's; it has a beautiful gloss and will wear two years if properly applied. Murry & Coppersmith. B

Quick Relief for Asthma Sufferers.

Foley's Honey and Tar affords immediate relief to asthma sufferers in the worst stages and if taken in time will effect a cure. L. Taggart.

There is no gusher like the disappointed politician.

Stop Colds

When you feel one coming on by taking Krause's Cold Cure. Prepared in convenient capsules that cure while you work. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart.

Oyster Bay seems closer to Four Mile Run now.

If You Have Headaches

Don't experiment with alleged cures. Buy Krause's Headache Capsules which will cure any headache in half an hour, no matter what causes it. Price 25c. Sold by L. Taggart.

They are still discovering the fate of Andree.

Nerves Like a Flat-Iron.

A woman who suffered for three years from nervous prostration says two bottles of Liehty's Celery Nerve Compound effected a complete cure. She hardly knows to-day whether she has nerves or not, as she never feels them. It is certainly a wonderful remedy. Sold by L. Taggart.

Roosevelt knew where to start a new train.

Foley's Kidney Cure.

Will cure Bright's Disease.
Will cure Diabetes.
Will cure Stone in Bladder.
Will cure Kidney and Bladder Diseases.

An unwilting collar is wanted.

A Liberal Offer.

The undersigned will give a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets to any one wanting a reliable remedy for disorders of the stomach, biliousness or constipation. This is a new remedy and a good one. L. Taggart.

Morgan dines with the kings.

My boy when four years old was taken with colic and cramps in his stomach. I sent for the doctor and he injected morphine, but the child kept getting worse. I then gave him half a teaspoonful of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and in half an hour he was sleeping and soon recovered.—F. L. Wilkins, Shell Lake, Wis. Mr. Wilkins is book-keeper for the Shell Lake Lumber Co. For sale by L. Taggart.

Guthrie is somewhat guttery.

Wall Paper.

At Taggart's Drug Store the finest line ever brought to town. Prices lower than you ever saw them. Double rolls as low as 5c and the very best at 35c. Border just a liitle in advance of paper.

Paints, Varnish, Stains,
Varnish Stains,
Enamel,

in all shades and colors. A better line than ever offered to our people. Don't fail to call and examine.

L. TAGGART.

PILES A cure guaranteed if you use RUDY'S PILE Suppository
D. Matt. Thompson, Supt. Graded Schools, Statesville, N. C., writes: "I can say they do all you claim for them." Dr. S. M. Devore, Raven Rock, W. Va., writes: "They give universal satisfaction." Dr. H. D. McGill, Clarksburg, Tenn., writes: "In a practice of 25 years, I have found no remedy to equal yours." Price, 50 Cents. Samples Free. Sold by Druggists. MARTIN RUDY, LANCASTER, PA.

Sold in Emporium by L. Taggart and R. C. Dodson. Call for free sample.

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—IS AT—
J. F. PARSONS'

We promptly obtain U. S. and Foreign
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Send model, sketch or photo of invention for free report on patentability. For free book, How to Secure Patents and TRADE-MARKS write to
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Some Reasons
Why You Should Insist on Having
EUREKA HARNESS OIL
Unequaled by any other.
Renders hard leather soft.
Especially prepared.
Keeps out water.
A heavy bodied oil.
HARNESS
An excellent preservative.
Reduces cost of your harness
Never burns the leather; its
Efficiency is increased.
Secures best service.
Stitches kept from breaking.
OIL
Is sold in all
Localities
Manufactured by
Standard Oil Company.

A MAN
becomes languid, irritable and despondent, through loss of nerve vigor. Life seems a mockery. The courage, force, vigor and action which characterize full-blooded men, are lacking.
Sex-ine Pills
have kindled the light of hope in many a man's face. They bring vigor to the weak and ambition to the despondent.
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AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA. PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to section ten of article one of the Constitution, so that a discharge of a jury for failure to agree or other necessary cause shall not work an acquittal.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met. That the following be proposed as an amendment to the Constitution, that is to say, that section ten of article one, which reads as follows:

"No person shall, for any indictable offense, be proceeded against criminally by information, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service, in time of war or public danger, or by leave of the court for oppression or misdemeanor in office. No person shall, for the same offense, be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall private property be taken or applied to public use, without authority of law and without just compensation being first made or secured," be amended so as to read as follows:

No person shall, for any indictable offense, be proceeded against criminally by information, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces, or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger, or by leave of the court for oppression or misdemeanor in office. No person shall, for the same offense, be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; *but a discharge of the jury for failure to agree, or other necessary cause, shall not work an acquittal.* Nor shall private property be taken or applied to public use, without authority of law and without just compensation being first made or secured.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.

W. W. GRIEST,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met. That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:

Amendment.

Add at the end of section seven, article three the following words: "Unless before it shall be introduced in the General Assembly, such proposed special or local law shall have been first submitted to a popular vote, at a general or special election in the locality or localities to be affected by its operation, under an order of the court of common pleas of the respective county after hearing and application granted, and shall have been approved by a majority of the voters at such election: Provided, That no such election shall be held until the decree of court authorizing the same shall have been advertised for at least thirty (30) days in the locality or localities affected, in such manner as the court may direct.

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